



KB968

COM Express Compact Module User's Manual

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

COM Express Specification Reference

PICMG® COM Express Module™ Base Specification.

<http://www.picmg.org/>

FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arise from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One KB968 board
- One QR (Quick Reference)
- One DVD
- Heat spreader with heat sink and fan

Optional Items

- COM331-B carrier board kit

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Specifications

Processor	• AMD® Embedded G-Series SoC FT3 BGA - AMD® GX-415GA, Quad Core, 2M Cache, 1.5GHz, 15W - AMD® GX-420CA, Quad Core, 2M Cache, 2.0GHz, 25W - AMD® GX-217GA, Dual Core, 1M Cache, 1.65GHz, 15W - AMD® GX-210HA, Dual Core, 1M Cache, 1.0GHz, 9W - AMD® GX-210JA, Dual Core, 1M Cache, 1.0GHz, 6W - AMD® GX-416RA, Quad Core, 2M Cache, 1.6GHz, 15W, without GPU • 28nm process technology
System Memory	• One 204-pin DDR3 SODIMM socket • Supports DDR3 1066/1333/1600MHz • Supports single channel memory interface • Supports up to 8GB system memory • DRAM device technologies: 1Gb, 2Gb, 4Gb and 8Gb DDR3 DRAM technologies are supported for x8 and x16 devices, unbuffered, non-ECC
Graphics	• Advanced discrete-level GPU integrated in the processor • Supports VGA, DP/LVDS and DP interfaces • VGA: resolution up to 2048x1536 @ 60Hz • LVDS: 18-bit, single channel, resolution up to 1600x900 @60Hz • DP: resolution up to 4096x2160 @30Hz • Supports hardware acceleration for DirectX 11.1, H.264, MPEG-2, MPEG-4 AVC, VC-1 and WMV
Audio	• Supports High Definition Audio interface
LAN	• Intel® WGI210AT Gigabit Ethernet Controller • Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver • Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab
Serial ATA	• Supports 2 Serial ATA interfaces • SATA 3.0 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s • Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller
SSD (optional)	• 2GB/4GB/8GB/16GB/32GB/64GB • Write: 30MB/sec (max), Read: 70MB/sec (max) • SATA to SSD onboard
Trusted Platform Module-TPM (optional)	• Provides a Trusted PC for secure transactions • Provides software license protection, enforcement and password protection
Watchdog Timer	• Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 255 seconds
Expansion Interfaces	• Supports 8 USB 2.0 ports (first 2 USB ports support up to USB 3.0) • Supports 1 PCIe x4 (GFX) • Supports 4 PCIe x1 (GPP, GPP3 is connected to onboard LAN by default) • Supports LPC interface • Supports I²C interface • Supports SMBus interface • Supports 2 serial interfaces (TX/RX) • Supports 8-bit Digital I/O

Damage Free Intelligence	• Monitors APU temperature • Monitors APU fan speed • Monitors APU_VDD/APU_VDDNB/APU_VDDIO_SUS/1V8/0V95 voltages • Watchdog timer function
BIOS	• 32Mbit SPI BIOS
Power Consumption	• KB968-GX420BBS: 28.58 W with GX-420CA at 2.0GHz and 1x 4GB DDR3 SODIMM
OS Support	• Windows 7 Ultimate x86 & SP1 (32-bit) • Windows 7 Ultimate x64 & SP1 (64-bit) • Windows 8 Enterprise x86 (32-bit) • Windows 8 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)
Temperature	• Operating: 0°C to 60°C • Storage: -20°C to 85°C
Humidity	• 5% to 90%
Power Input	• 12V, 5VSB, VCC_RTC (ATX mode) • 12V, VCC_RTC (AT mode)
PCB	• Dimensions - COM Express® Compact - 95mm (3.74") x 95mm (3.74") • Compliance - PICMG COM Express® R2.1, Type 6

Features

• Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

• DDR3

DDR3 delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance. The advantages of DDR3 are its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power than DDR2.

• Graphics

The AMD® Embedded G-Series SoC platform delivers high-performance processing coupled with a premium high-definition visual experience in a power-efficient solution. Enabling unprecedented integrated graphics and multi-display capabilities in embedded applications that can be compact and low-power. Supports VGA, DP/LVDS and DP interfaces for display outputs.

• Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s. The bandwidth of the SATA 3.0 will be limited by carrier board design.

• Gigabit LAN

The Intel® WG1210AT Gigabit LAN controller supports up to 1Gbps data transmission.

• USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.0. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 5 Gbit/s (625 MB/s) and is faster than USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.0 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

Chapter 2 - Concept

COM Express Module Standards

The figure below shows the dimensions of the different types of COM Express modules.

KB968 is a COM Express Compact module. The dimension is 95mm x 95mm.

● Common for all Form Factors

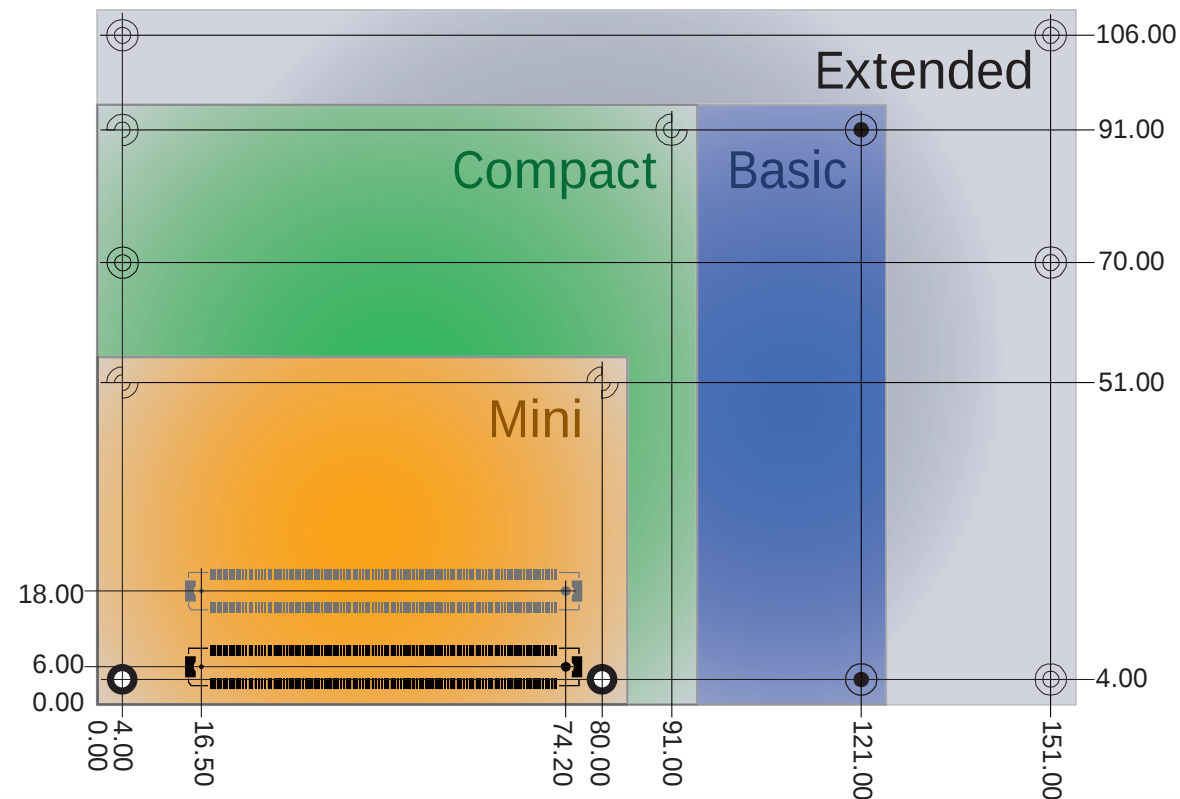
○ Extended only

● Basic only

○ Compact only

○ Compact and Basic only

○ Mini only



Specification Comparison Table

The table below shows the COM Express standard specifications and the corresponding specifications supported on the KB968 module.

Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI KB968 Type 6
A-B	System I/O		
A-B	PCI Express Lanes 0 - 5	1 / 6	3 + 1 (optional)
A-B	LVDS Channel A	0 / 1	1
A-B	LVDS Channel B	0 / 1	0
A-B	eDP on LVDS CH A pins	0 / 1	0
A-B	VGA Port	0 / 1	1
A-B	TV-Out	NA	NA
A-B	DDI 0	NA	NA
A-B ⁵	Serial Ports 1 - 2	0 / 2	2
A-B	CAN interface on SER1	0 / 1	0
A-B	SATA / SAS Ports	1 / 4	2
A-B	AC'97 / HDA Digital Interface	0 / 1	1
A-B	USB 2.0 Ports	4 / 8	8
A-B	USB Client	0 / 1	0
A-B	USB 3.0 Ports	NA	NA
A-B	LAN Port 0	1 / 1	1
A-B	Express Card Support	1 / 2	2
A-B	LPC Bus	1 / 1	1
A-B	SPI	1 / 2	1
A-B	System Management		
A-B ⁶	SDIO (muxed on GPIO)	0 / 1	1 (optional)
A-B	General Purpose I/O	8 / 8	8
A-B	SMBus	1 / 1	1
A-B	I2C	1 / 1	1
A-B	Watchdog Timer	0 / 1	1
A-B	Speaker Out	1 / 1	1
A-B	External BIOS ROM Support	0 / 2	1
A-B	Reset Functions	1 / 1	1

- 5 Indicates 12V-tolerant features on former VCC_12V signals.
- 6 Cells in the connected columns spanning rows provide a rough approximation of features sharing connector pins.

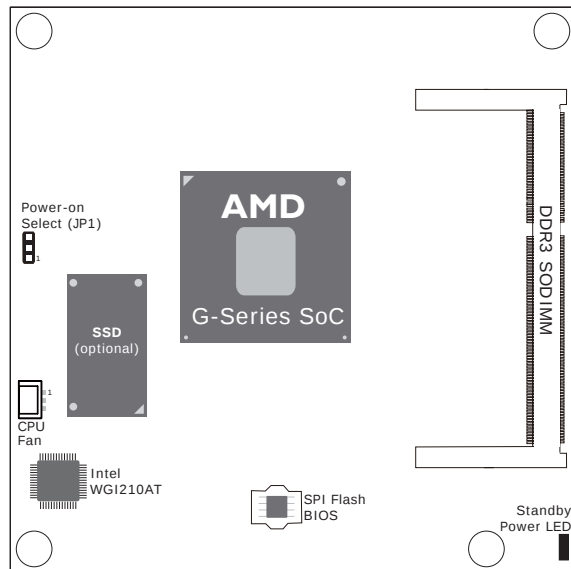
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI KB968 Type 6
A-B	Power Management		
A-B	Thermal Protection	0 / 1	1
A-B	Battery Low Alarm	0 / 1	1
A-B	Suspend/Wake Signals	0 / 3	2
A-B	Power Button Support	1 / 1	1
A-B	Power Good	1 / 1	1
A-B	VCC_5V_SBY Contacts	4 / 4	4
A-B ⁵	Sleep Input	0 / 1	1
A-B ⁵	Lid Input	0 / 1	1
A-B ⁵	Fan Control Signals	0 / 2	2
A-B	Trusted Platform Modules	0 / 1	1 (optional)
A-B	Power		
A-B	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

Module Pin-out - Required and Optional Features C-D Connector. PICMG® COM.0Revision 2.1

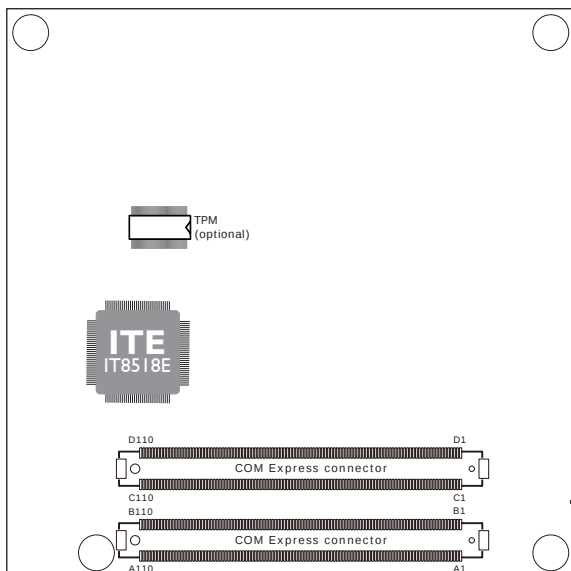
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI KB968 Type 6
C-D	System I/O		
C-D ⁶	PCI Express Lanes 16 - 31	0 / 16	4
	PCI Express Graphics (PEG)	0 / 1	1
	Muxed SDVO Channels 1 - 2	NA	NA
C-D ⁶	PCI Express Lanes 6 - 15	0 / 2	0
	PCI Bus - 32 Bit	NA	NA
	PATA Port	NA	NA
	LAN Ports 1 - 2	NA	NA
	DDIs 1 - 3	0 / 3	1 + 1 (optional)
	USB 3.0 Ports	0 / 4	2
C-D	Power		
C-D	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

Chapter 3 - Hardware Installation

Board Layout

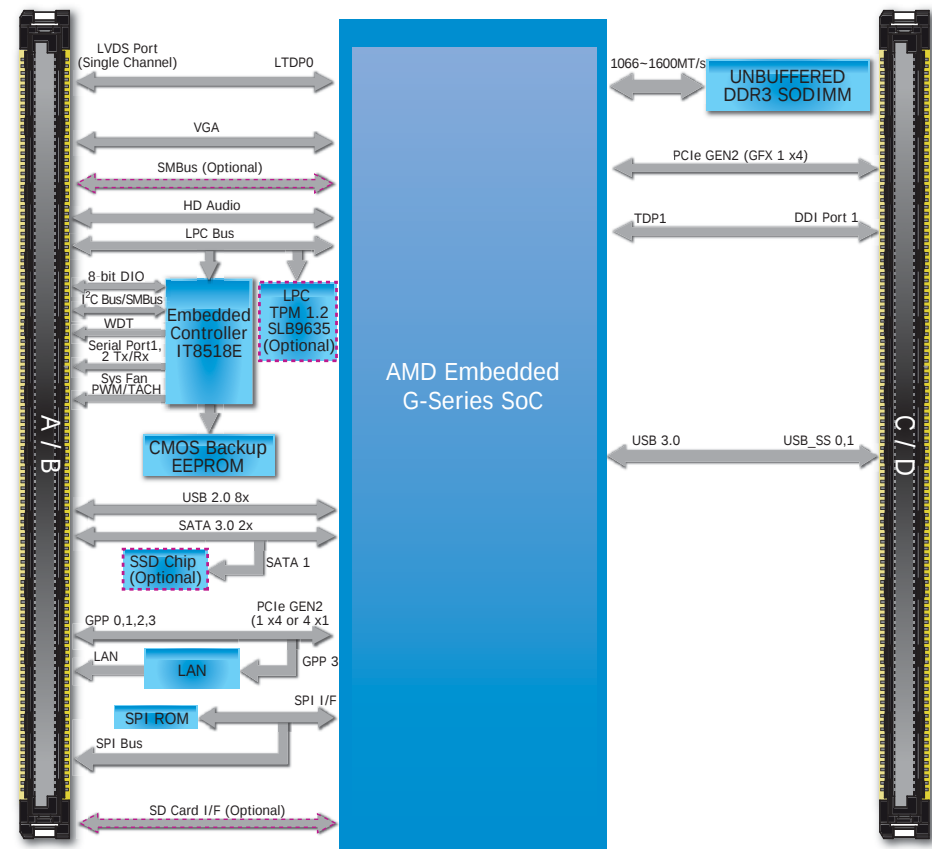


Top View



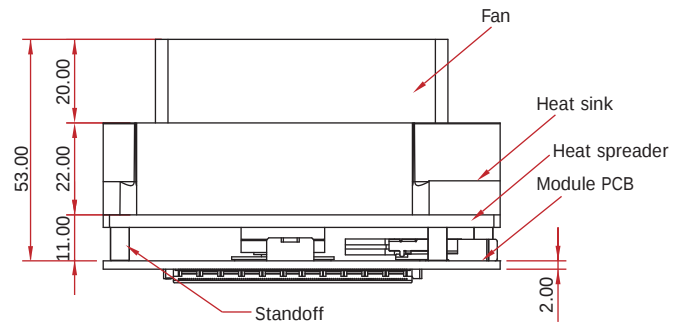
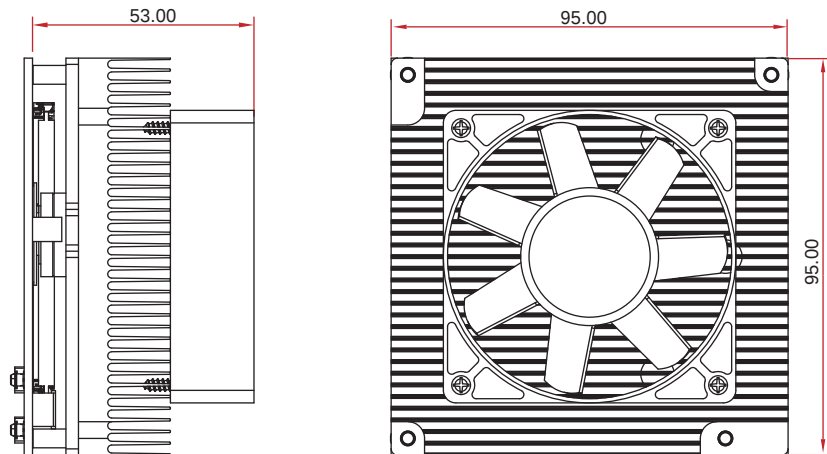
Bottom View

Block Diagram



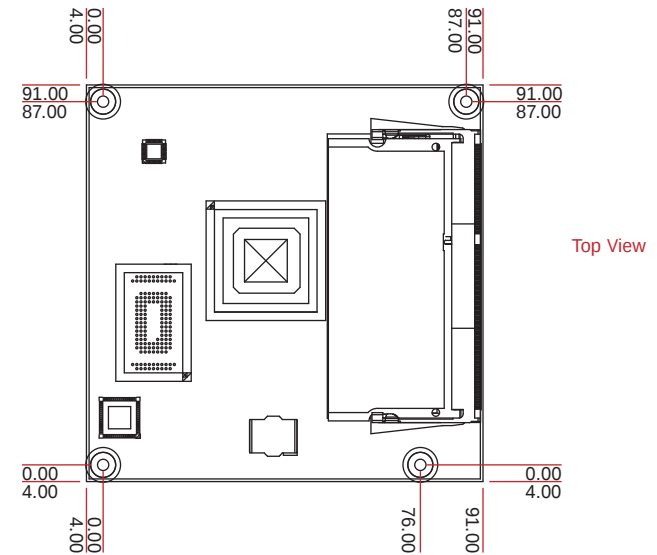
Mechanical Diagram

KB968 Module with Thermal Solution

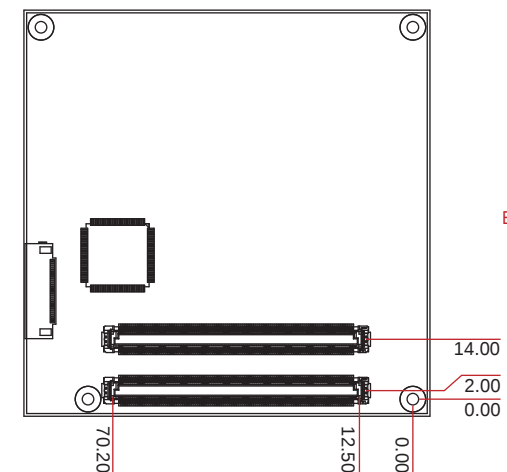


Side View of the Module with Thermal Solution and Carrier Board

KB968 Module



Top View



Bottom View

**Important:**

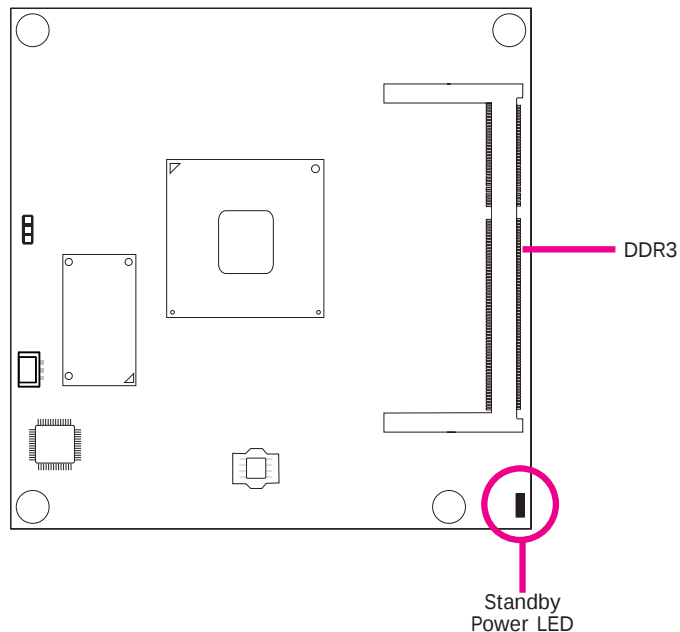
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

System Memory

The system board is equipped with one 204-pin SODIMM socket that supports DDR3 1066/1333/1600MHz (-420C/-415G/-217G) or 1066/1333MHz (-210H) memory interface as the figure shown below.

**Important:**

When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the board and components.

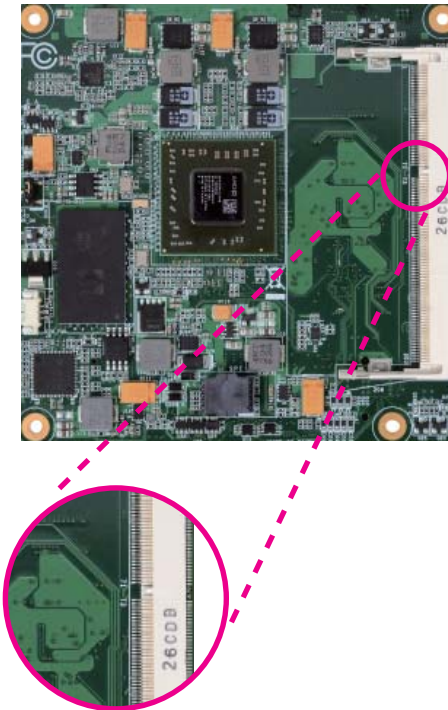


Installing the DIMM Module

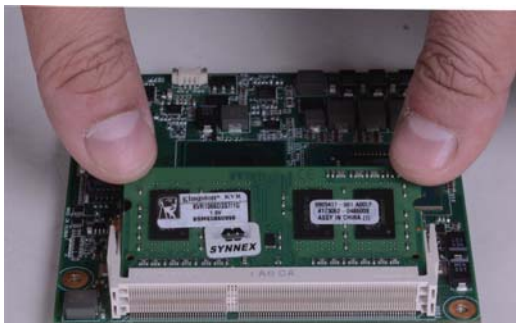
**Note:**

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual one. These illustrations are for reference only.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the SODIMM socket on the system board.
4. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one direction.



5. Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.

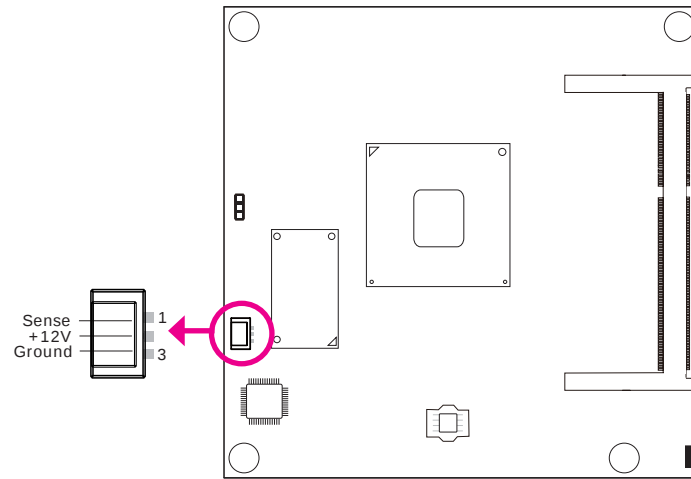


6. Push down the module until the clips at each end of the socket lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into position.



Connectors

CPU Fan Connector



Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the board. The cooling fan will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and board components.

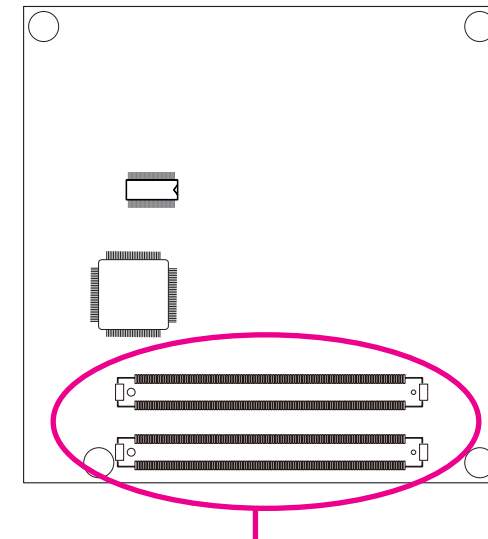
BIOS Setting

"PC Health Status" submenu in the Advanced menu of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fan. Refer to the chapter 4 of the manual for more information.

COM Express Connectors

The COM Express connectors are used to interface the KB968 COM Express board to a carrier board. Connect the COM Express connectors (located on the solder side of the board) to the COM Express connectors on the carrier board.

Refer to the "Installing KB968 onto a Carrier Board" section for more information.



COM Express Connectors

Refer to the following pages for the pin functions of these connectors.

COM Express Connectors

RowA		RowB		RowA		RowB	
A1	GND (FIXED)	B1	GND (FIXED)	A56	PCIE TX4-	B56	PCIE RX4-
A2	GBE0 MDI3-	B2	GBE0 ACT#	A57	GND	B57	GPO2
A3	GBE0 MDI3+	B3	LPC FRAME#	A58	PCIE TX3+	B58	PCIE RX3+
A4	GBE0 LINK100#	B4	LPC AD0	A59	PCIE TX3-	B59	PCIE RX3-
A5	GBE0 LINK1000#	B5	LPC AD1	A60	GND (FIXED)	B60	GND (FIXED)
A6	GBE0 MDI2-	B6	LPC AD2	A61	PCIE TX2+	B61	PCIE RX2+
A7	GBE0 MDI2+	B7	LPC AD3	A62	PCIE TX2-	B62	PCIE RX2-
A8	GBE0 LINK#	B8	LPC DRQ0#	A63	GPI1	B63	GPO3
A9	GBE0 MDI1-	B9	LPC DRQ1#	A64	PCIE TX1+	B64	PCIE RX1+
A10	GBE0 MDI1+	B10	LPC CLK	A65	PCIE TX1-	B65	PCIE RX1-
A11	GND (FIXED)	B11	GND (FIXED)	A66	GND	B66	WAKE0#
A12	GBE0 MDI0-	B12	PWRBTN#	A67	GPI2	B67	WAKE1#
A13	GBE0 MDI0+	B13	SMB CK	A68	PCIE TX0+	B68	PCIE RX0+
A14	GBE0 CTREF	B14	SMB DAT	A69	PCIE TX0-	B69	PCIE RX0-
A15	SUS S3#	B15	SMB ALERT#	A70	GND (FIXED)	B70	GND (FIXED)
A16	SATA0 TX+	B16	SATA1 TX+	A71	LVDS A0+	B71	LVDS B0+
A17	SATA0 TX-	B17	SATA1 TX-	A72	LVDS A0-	B72	LVDS B0-
A18	SUS S4#	B18	SUS STAT#	A73	LVDS A1+	B73	LVDS B1+
A19	SATA0 RX+	B19	SATA1 RX+	A74	LVDS A1-	B74	LVDS B1-
A20	SATA0 RX-	B20	SATA1 RX-	A75	LVDS A2+	B75	LVDS B2+
A21	GND (FIXED)	B21	GND (FIXED)	A76	LVDS A2-	B76	LVDS B2-
A22	SATA2 TX+	B22	SATA3 TX+	A77	LVDS VDD EN	B77	LVDS B3+
A23	SATA2 TX-	B23	SATA3 TX-	A78	LVDS A3+	B78	LVDS B3-
A24	SUS S5#	B24	PWR OK	A79	LVDS A3-	B79	LVDS BKLT EN
A25	SATA2 RX+	B25	SATA3 RX+	A80	GND (FIXED)	B80	GND (FIXED)
A26	SATA2 RX-	B26	SATA3 RX-	A81	LVDS A CK+	B81	LVDS B CK+
A27	BATLOW#	B27	WDT	A82	LVDS A CK-	B82	LVDS B CK-
A28	(S)ATA ACT#	B28	AC SDIN2	A83	LVDS I2C CK	B83	LVDS BKLT CTRL
A29	AC/HDA SYNC	B29	AC SDIN1	A84	LVDS I2C DAT	B84	VCC 5V SBY
A30	AC/HDA RST#	B30	AC SDIN0	A85	GPI3	B85	VCC 5V SBY
A31	GND (FIXED)	B31	GND (FIXED)	A86	RSVD	B86	VCC 5V SBY
A32	AC/HDA BITCLK	B32	SPKR	A87	RSVD	B87	VCC 5V SBY
A33	AC/HDA SDOUT	B33	I2C CK	A88	PCIE0 CK REF+	B88	BIOS DIS1#
A34	BIOS DIS0#	B34	I2C DAT	A89	PCIE0 CK REF-	B89	VGA RED
A35	THRMTRIP#	B35	THRM#	A90	GND (FIXED)	B90	GND (FIXED)
A36	USB6-	B36	USB7-	A91	SPI POWER	B91	VGA GRN
A37	USB6+	B37	USB7+	A92	SPI MISO	B92	VGA BLU
A38	USB 6 7 OC#	B38	USB 4 5 OC#	A93	GPO0	B93	VGA HSYNC
A39	USB4-	B39	USB5-	A94	SPI CLK	B94	VGA VSYNC
A40	USB4+	B40	USB5+	A95	SPI MOSI	B95	VGA I2C CK
A41	GND (FIXED)	B41	GND (FIXED)	A96	TPM PP	B96	VGA I2C DAT
A42	USB2-	B42	USB3-	A97	TYPE10#	B97	SPI CS#
A43	USB2+	B43	USB3+	A98	SER0 TX	B98	RSVD
A44	USB 2 3 OC#	B44	USB 0 1 OC#	A99	SER0 RX	B99	RSVD
A45	USB0-	B45	USB1-	A100	GND (FIXED)	B100	GND (FIXED)
A46	USB0+	B46	USB1+	A101	SER1 TX	B101	FAN PWMOUT
A47	VCC RTC	B47	EXCD1 PERST#	A102	SER1 RX	B102	FAN TACHIN
A48	EXCD0 PERST#	B48	EXCD1 CPPE#	A103	LID#	B103	SLEEP#
A49	EXCD0 CPPE#	B49	SYS RESET#	A104	VCC 12V	B104	VCC 12V
A50	LPC SERIRQ	B50	CB RESET#	A105	VCC 12V	B105	VCC 12V
A51	GND (FIXED)	B51	GND (FIXED)	A106	VCC 12V	B106	VCC 12V
A52	PCIE TX5+	B52	PCIE RX5+	A107	VCC 12V	B107	VCC 12V
A53	PCIE TX5-	B53	PCIE RX5-	A108	VCC 12V	B108	VCC 12V
A54	GPI0	B54	GPO1	A109	VCC 12V	B109	VCC 12V
A55	PCIE TX4+	B55	PCIE RX4+	A110	GND (FIXED)	B110	GND (FIXED)

RowC		RowD		RowC		RowD	
C1	GND (FIXED)	D1	GND (FIXED)	C56	PEG RX1-	D56	PEG TX1-
C2	GND	D2	GND	C57	TYPE1#	D57	TYPE2#
C3	USB SSRX0-	D3	USB SSTX0-	C58	PEG RX2+	D58	PEG TX2+
C4	USB SSRX0+	D4	USB SSTX0+	C59	PEG RX2-	D59	PEG TX2-
C5	GND	D5	GND	C60	GND (FIXED)	D60	GND (FIXED)
C6	USB SSRX1-	D6	USB SSTX1-	C61	PEG RX3+	D61	PEG TX3+
C7	USB SSRX1+	D7	USB SSTX1+	C62	PEG RX3-	D62	PEG TX3-
C8	GND	D8	GND	C63	RSVD	D63	RSVD
C9	USB SSRX2-	D9	USB SSTX2-	C64	RSVD	D64	RSVD
C10	USB SSRX2+	D10	USB SSTX2+	C65	PEG RX4+	D65	PEG TX4+
C11	GND (FIXED)	D11	GND (FIXED)	C66	PEG RX4-	D66	PEG TX4-
C12	USB SSRX3-	D12	USB SSTX3-	C67	NC	D67	GND
C13	USB SSRX3+	D13	USB SSTX3+	C68	PEG RX5+	D68	PEG TX5+
C14	GND	D14	GND	C69	PEG RX5-	D69	PEG TX5-
C15	NC	D15	DDI1 CTRLCLK AUX	C70	GND (FIXED)	D70	GND (FIXED)
C16	NC	D16	DDI1 CTRLDATA A	C71	PEG RX6+	D71	PEG TX6+
C17	RSVD	D17	RSVD	C72	PEG RX6-	D72	PEG TX6-
C18	RSVD	D18	RSVD	C73	GND	D73	GND
C19	PCIE RX6+	D19	PCIE TX6+	C74	PEG RX7+	D74	PEG TX7+
C20	PCIE RX6-	D20	PCIE TX6-	C75	PEG RX7-	D75	PEG TX7-
C21	GND (FIXED)	D21	GND (FIXED)	C76	GND	D76	GND
C22	NC	D22	NC	C77	RSVD	D77	RSVD
C23	NC	D23	NC	C78	PEG RX8+	D78	PEG TX8+
C24	DDI1 HPD	D24	RSVD	C79	PEG RX8-	D79	PEG TX8-
C25	NC	D25	RSVD	C80	GND (FIXED)	D80	GND (FIXED)
C26	NC	D26	DDI1 PAIR0+	C81	PEG RX9+	D81	PEG TX9+
C27	RSVD	D27	DDI1 PAIR0-	C82	PEG RX9-	D82	PEG TX9-
C28	RSVD	D28	RSVD	C83	RSVD	D83	RSVD
C29	NC	D29	DDI1 PAIR1+	C84	GND	D84	GND
C30	NC	D30	DDI1 PAIR1-	C85	PEG RX10+	D85	PEG TX10+
C31	GND (FIXED)	D31	GND (FIXED)	C86	PEG RX10-	D86	PEG TX10-
C32	DDI2 CTRLCLK AUX	D32	DDI1 PAIR2+	C87	GND	D87	GND
C33	DDI2 CTRLDATA AU	D33	DDI1 PAIR2-	C88	PEG RX11+	D88	PEG TX11+
C34	RSVD	D34	RSVD	C89	PEG RX11-	D89	PEG TX11-
C35	RSVD	D35	RSVD	C90	GND (FIXED)	D90	GND (FIXED)
C36	DDI3 CTRLCLK AUX	D36	DDI1 PAIR3+	C91	PEG RX12+	D91	PEG TX12+
C37	DDI3 CTRLDATA AU	D37	DDI1 PAIR3-	C92	PEG RX12-	D92	PEG TX12-
C38	RSVD	D38	RSVD	C93	GND	D93	GND
C39	DDI3 PAIR0+	D39	DDI2 PAIR0+	C94	PEG RX13+	D94	PEG TX13+
C40	DDI3 PAIR0-	D40	DDI2 PAIR0-	C95	PEG RX13-	D95	PEG TX13-
C41	GND (FIXED)	D41	GND (FIXED)	C96	GND	D96	GND
C42	DDI3 PAIR1+	D42	DDI2 PAIR1+	C97	RSVD	D97	RSVD
C43	DDI3 PAIR1-	D43	DDI2 PAIR1-	C98	PEG RX14+	D98	PEG TX14+
C44	DDI3 HPD	D44	DDI2 HPD	C99	PEG RX14-	D99	PEG TX14-
C45	RSVD	D45	RSVD	C100	GND (FIXED)	D100	GND (FIXED)
C46	DDI3 PAIR2+	D46	DDI2 PAIR2+	C101	PEG RX15+	D101	PEG TX15+
C47	DDI3 PAIR2-	D47	DDI2 PAIR2-	C102	PEG RX15-	D102	PEG TX15-
C48	RSVD	D48	RSVD	C103	GND	D103	GND
C49	DDI3 PAIR3+	D49	DDI2 PAIR3+	C104	VCC 12V	D104	VCC 12V
C50	DDI3 PAIR3-	D50	DDI2 PAIR3-	C105	VCC 12V	D105	VCC 12V
C51	GND (FIXED)	D51	GND (FIXED)	C106	VCC 12V	D106	VCC 12V
C52	PEG RX0+/	D52	PEG TX0+	C107	VCC 12V	D107	VCC 12V
C53	PEG RX0-	D53	PEG TX0-	C108	VCC 12V	D108	VCC 12V
C54	TYPE0#	D54	PEG LANE RV#	C109	VCC 12V	D109	VCC 12V
C55	PEG RX1+	D55	PEG TX1+	C110	GND (FIXED)	D110	GND (FIXED)

COM Express Connectors Signal Description

Pin Types
 I Input to the Module
 O Output from the Module
 I/O Bi-directional input / output signal
 OD Open drain output

AC97/HDA Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
AC/HAD_RST#	A30	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 11 RESET#	Reset output to CODEC, active low.
AC/HDA_SYNC	A29	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 10 SYNC	Sample-synchronization signal to the CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_BITCLK	A32	I/O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 6 BIT_CLK	Serial data clock generated by the external CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_SDOUT	A33	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 5 SDATA_OUT	Serial TDM data output to the CODEC.
AC/HDA_SDIN2	B28	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 33 Ω in series to CODEC2 pin 8 SDATA_IN	Serial TDM data inputs from up to 3 CODECs.
AC/HDA_SDIN1	B29	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 33 Ω in series to CODEC1 pin 8 SDATA_IN	
AC/HDA_SDIN0	B30	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 33 Ω in series to CODEC0 pin 8 SDATA_IN	

Gigabit Ethernet Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
GBE0_MDIO+	A13	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Connect to Magnetics Module MDIO+/-	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0: Media Dependent Interface Differential Pairs 0,1,2,3. The MDI can operate in 1000, 100 and 10 Mbit / sec modes. Some pairs are unused in some modes, per the following: 1000BASE-T 100BASE-TX 10BASE-T MDI[0] +/- B1_DA +/- TX +/- TX +/- MDI[1] +/- B1_DB +/- RX +/- RX +/- MDI[2] +/- B1_DC +/- MDI[3] +/- B1_DD +/-

SATA Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
SATA0_TX+	A16	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA0 Conn TX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 transmit differential pair.
SATA0_TX-	A17	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA0_RX+	A19	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA0 Conn RX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 receive differential pair.
SATA0_RX-	A20	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA1_TX+	B16	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA1 Conn TX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 transmit differential pair.
SATA1_TX-	B17	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA1_RX+	B19	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA1 Conn RX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 receive differential pair.
SATA1_RX-	B20	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA2_TX+	A22	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 transmit differential pair.
SATA2_TX-	A23	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
SATA2_RX+	A25	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 receive differential pair.
SATA2_RX-	A26	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
SATA3_TX+	B22	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 transmit differential pair.
SATA3_TX-	B23	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
SATA3_RX+	B25	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 receive differential pair.
SATA3_RX-	B26	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
ATA_ACT#	A28	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to LED and recommend current limit resistor 220 Ω to 3.3V	ATA (parallel and serial) or SAS activity indicator, active low.

PCI Express Lanes Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
PCIe TX0+	A68	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 0
PCIe TX0-	A69			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIe RX0+	B68	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Device - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF Slot - Connect to PCIe Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 0
PCIe RX0-	B69					
PCIe TX1+	A64	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 1
PCIe TX1-	A65			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIe RX1+	B64	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Device - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF Slot - Connect to PCIe Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 1
PCIe RX1-	B65					
PCIe TX2+	A61	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 2
PCIe TX2-	A62			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIe RX2+	B61	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Device - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF Slot - Connect to PCIe Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 2
PCIe RX2-	B62					
PCIe TX3+	A58	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 3 (Optional with on board LAN, Default setting as NC)
PCIe TX3-	A59			NA		
PCIe RX3+	B58	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 3 (Optional with on board LAN, Default setting as NC)
PCIe RX3-	B59			NA		
PCIe TX4+	A55	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 4
PCIe TX4-	A56			NA		
PCIe RX4+	B55	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 4
PCIe RX4-	B56			NA		
PCIe TX5+	A52	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 5
PCIe TX5-	A53			NA		
PCIe RX5+	B52	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 5
PCIe RX5-	B53			NA		
PCIe TX6+	D19	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 6
PCIe TX6-	D20			NA		
PCIe RX6+	C19	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 6
PCIe RX6-	C20			NA		
PCIe TX7+	D22	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 7
PCIe TX7-	D23			NA		
PCIe RX7+	C22	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 7
PCIe RX7-	C23			NA		
PCIe0 CK_REF+	A88	O PCIe	PCIe		Connect to PCIe device, PCIe CLK Buffer or slot	Reference clock output for all PCI Express and PCI Express Graphics lanes.
PCIe0 CK_REF-	A89					

PEG Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
PEG TX0+	D52	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 0
PEG TX0-	D53			AC Coupling capacitor		
PEG RX0+	C52	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 0
PEG RX0-	C53					
PEG TX1+	D55	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 1
PEG TX1-	D56			AC Coupling capacitor		
PEG RX1+	C55	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 1
PEG RX1-	C56					
PEG TX2+	D58	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 2
PEG TX2-	D59			AC Coupling capacitor		
PEG RX2+	C58	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 2
PEG RX2-	C59					
PEG TX3+	D61	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIe device or slot	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 3
PEG TX3-	D62			AC Coupling capacitor		
PEG RX3+	C61	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 3
PEG RX3-	C62					
PEG TX4+	D65	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 4
PEG TX4-	D66			NA		
PEG RX4+	C65	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 4
PEG RX4-	C66			NA		
PEG TX5+	D68	O PCIe	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 5
PEG TX5-	D69			NA		
PEG RX5+	C68	I PCIe	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 5
PEG RX5-	C69			NA		

PEG Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
PEG TX6+	D71	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 6
PEG TX6-	D72			NA		
PEG RX6+	C71	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 6
PEG RX6-	C72			NA		
PEG TX7+	D74	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 7
PEG TX7-	D75			NA		
PEG RX7+	C74	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 7
PEG RX7-	C75			NA		
PEG TX8+	D78	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 8
PEG TX8-	D79			NA		
PEG RX8+	C78	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 8
PEG RX8-	C79			NA		
PEG TX9+	D81	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 9
PEG TX9-	D82			NA		
PEG RX9+	C81	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 9
PEG RX9-	C82			NA		
PEG TX10+	D85	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 10
PEG TX10-	D86			NA		
PEG RX10+	C85	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 10
PEG RX10-	C86			NA		
PEG TX11+	D88	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 11
PEG TX11-	D89			NA		
PEG RX11+	C88	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 11
PEG RX11-	C89			NA		
PEG TX12+	D91	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 12
PEG TX12-	D92			NA		
PEG RX12+	C91	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 12
PEG RX12-	C92			NA		
PEG TX13+	D94	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 13
PEG TX13-	D95			NA		
PEG RX13+	C94	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 13
PEG RX13-	C95			NA		
PEG TX14+	D98	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 14
PEG TX14-	D99			NA		
PEG RX14+	C98	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 14
PEG RX14-	C99			NA		
PEG TX15+	D101	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 15
PEG TX15-	D102			NA		
PEG RX15+	C101	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 15
PEG RX15-	C102			NA		
PEG_LANE_RV#	D54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			PCI Express Graphics lane reversal input strap. Pull low on the Carrier board to reverse lane order.

ExpressCard Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
EXCD0_CPPE#	A49	I CMOS	3.3V /3.3V	PU 40-50k to 3.3V		PCI ExpressCard: PCI Express capable card request, active low, one per card
EXCD1_CPPE#	B48			PU 40-50k to 3.3V		
EXCD0_PERST#	A48	O CMOS	3.3V /3.3V			PCI ExpressCard: reset, active low, one per card
EXCD1_PERST#	B47					

DDI Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
DDI1_PAIR0+/SDVO1_RED+	D26	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 0 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B red output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR0-/SDVO1_RED-	D27				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR1+/SDVO1_GRN+	D29	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 1 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B green output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR1-/SDVO1_GRN-	D30				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR2+/SDVO1_BLU+	D32	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 2 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B blue output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR2-/SDVO1_BLU-	D33				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR3+/SDVO1_CK+	D36	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 3 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B clock output differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR3-/SDVO1_CK-	D37				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR4+/SDVO1_INT+	C25	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	Serial Digital Video B interrupt input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR4-/SDVO1_INT-	C26			NA	NA	
DDI1_PAIR5+/SDVO1_TVCLKIN+	C29	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	Serial Digital Video TVOUT synchronization clock input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR5-/SDVO1_TVCLKIN-	C30			NA	NA	
DDI1_PAIR6+/SDVO1_FLDSTALL+	C15	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	Serial Digital Video Field Stall input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR6-/SDVO1_FLDSTALL-	C16			NA	NA	
DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+/SDVO1_CTRLCLK	D15	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PD 100K to GND	Connect to DP AUX+	DP AUX+ function if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high (Optional with Displayport 1, Default setting as NC)
DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX-/SDVO1_CTRLDATA	D16	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PU 100K to 3.3V	Connect to DP AUX-	DP AUX- function if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high (Optional with Displayport 1, Default setting as NC)
DDI1_HPD	C24	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		PD 1M and Connect to device Hot Plug Detect	DDI Hot-Plug Detect
DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL	D34	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	Selects the function of DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI1_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI1[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI1[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI1[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort (Default setting as NC)
DDI2_PAIR0+	D39	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 2 Pair 0 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR0-	D40			NA	NA	(Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_PAIR1+	D42	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 2 Pair 1 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR1-	D43			NA	NA	(Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_PAIR2+	D46	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 2 Pair 2 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR2-	D47			NA	NA	(Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_PAIR3+	D49	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 2 Pair 3 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR3-	D50			NA	NA	(Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+	C32	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	DP AUX+ function if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect (Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high (Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)

DDI Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX-	C33	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	DP AUX- function if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect (Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high (Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_HPD	D44	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	DDI Hot-Plug Detect (Optional with LVDS, Default setting as NC)
DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL	C34	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	Selects the function of DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI2_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort (Default setting as NC)
DDI3_PAIR0+	C39	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 3 Pair 0 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR0-	C40			NA	NA	
DDI3_PAIR1+	C42	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 3 Pair 1 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR1-	C43			NA	NA	
DDI3_PAIR2+	C46	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 3 Pair 2 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR2-	C47			NA	NA	
DDI3_PAIR3+	C49	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	DDI 3 Pair 3 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR3-	C50			NA	NA	
DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX+	C36	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	DP AUX+ function if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX-	C37	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	DP AUX- function if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI3_HPD	C44	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	DDI Hot-Plug Detect
DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL	C38	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA	NA	Selects the function of DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI3_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort

USB Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
USB0+	A46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 0
USB0-	A45					
USB1+	B46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 1
USB1-	B45					
USB2+	A43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 2
USB2-	A42					
USB3+	B43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 3
USB3-	B42					
USB4+	A40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 4
USB4-	A39					
USB5+	B40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 5
USB5-	B39					
USB6+	A37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 6
USB6-	A36					
USB7+	B37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 7, USB7 may be configured as a USB client or as a host, or both, at the Module designer's discretion.(KB968 default set as a host)
USB7-	B36					
USB_0_1_OC#	B44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50k to 3.3VSB	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 0 and 1. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_2_3_OC#	A44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50k to 3.3VSB	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 2 and 3. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_4_5_OC#	B38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50k to 3.3VSB	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 4 and 5. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_6_7_OC#	A38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50k to 3.3VSB	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 6 and 7. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_SSTX0+	D4	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX0-	D3			AC Coupling capacitor		
USB_SSRX0+	C4	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX0-	C3					
USB_SSTX1+	D7	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX1-	D6			AC Coupling capacitor		

USB Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
USB_SSRX1+	C7	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect 90 Ω @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX1-	C6					
USB_SSTX2+	D10	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX2-	D9			NA		
USB_SSRX2+	C10	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX2-	C9			NA		
USB_SSTX3+	D13	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA	NA	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX3-	D12			NA		
USB_SSRX3+	C13	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA	NA	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX3-	C12			NA		

LVDS Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
LVDS_A0+	A71	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel A differential pairs Ther LVDS flat panel differential pairs (LVDS_A[0:3]+/-, LVDS_B[0:3]+/-, LVDS_A_CK+/-, LVDS_B_CK+/-) shall have 100Ω terminations across the pairs at the destination. These terminations may be on the Carrier Board if the Carrier Board implements a LVDS deserializer on-board
LVDS_A0-	A72					
LVDS_A1+	A73	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_A1-	A74					
LVDS_A2+	A75	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_A2-	A76					
LVDS_A3+	A78	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	
LVDS_A3-	A79			NA		
LVDS_A_CK+	A81	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel A differential clock
LVDS_A_CK-	A82					
LVDS_B0+	B71	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	LVDS Channel B differential pairs Ther LVDS flat panel differential pairs (LVDS_A[0:3]+/-, LVDS_B[0:3]+/-, LVDS_A_CK+/-, LVDS_B_CK+/-) shall have 100Ω terminations across the pairs at the destination. These terminations may be on the Carrier Board if the Carrier Board implements a LVDS deserializer on-board
LVDS_B0-	B72			NA		
LVDS_B1+	B73	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	
LVDS_B1-	B74			NA		
LVDS_B2+	B75	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	
LVDS_B2-	B76			NA		
LVDS_B3+	B77	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	
LVDS_B3-	B78			NA		
LVDS_B_CK+	B81	O LVDS	LVDS	NA	NA	LVDS Channel B differential clock
LVDS_B_CK-	B82			NA		
LVDS_VDD_EN	A77	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to enable control of LVDS panel power circuit	LVDS panel power enable
LVDS_BKLT_EN	B79	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to enable control of LVDS panel backlight power circuit.	LVDS panel backlight enable
LVDS_BKLT_CTRL	B83	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to brightness control of LVDS panel backlight power circuit.	LVDS panel backlight brightness control
LVDS_I2C_CK	A83	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V	Connect to DDC clock of LVDS panel	I2C clock output for LVDS display use
LVDS_I2C_DAT	A84	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V	Connect to DDC data of LVDS panel	I2C data line for LVDS display use

LPC Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
LPC_AD0	B4	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to LPC device	LPC multiplexed address, command and data bus
LPC_AD1	B5					
LPC_AD2	B6					
LPC_AD3	B7					
LPC_FRAME#	B3	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			LPC frame indicates the start of an LPC cycle
LPC_DRQ0#	B8	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			LPC serial DMA request
LPC_DRQ1#	B9					
LPC_SERIRQ	A50	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 40-50K to 3.3V		LPC serial interrupt
LPC_CLK	B10	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			LPC clock output - 33MHz nominal

SPI Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
SPI_CS#	B97	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device CS# pin	Chip select for Carrier Board SPI - may be sourced from chipset SPI0 or SPI1
SPI_MISO	A92	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SO pin	Data in to Module from Carrier SPI
SPI_MOSI	A95	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SI pin	Data out from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_CLK	A94	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SCK pin	Clock from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_POWER	A91	O	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Power supply for Carrier Board SPI – sourced from Module – nominally 3.3V. The Module shall provide a minimum of 100mA on SPI_POWER. Carriers shall use less than 100mA of SPI_POWER. SPI_POWER shall only be used to power SPI devices on the Carrier
BIOS_DIS0#	A34	I CMOS	NA			Selection straps to determine the BIOS boot device. The Carrier should only float these or pull them low, please refer to COM Express Module Base Specification Revision 2.1 for strapping options of BIOS disable signals.
BIOS_DIS1#	B88					

VGA Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
VGA_RED	B89	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R to GND	PD 150R	Red for monitor. Analog output
VGA_GRN	B91	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R to GND	PD 150R	Green for monitor. Analog output
VGA_BLU	B92	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R to GND	PD 150R	Blue for monitor. Analog output
VGA_HSYNC	B93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PD 1K to GND		Horizontal sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_VSYNC	B94	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Vertical sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_I2C_CK	B95	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V		DDC clock line (I2C port dedicated to identify VGA monitor capabilities)
VGA_I2C_DAT	B96	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V		DDC data line.

Serial Interface Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
SER0_TX	A98	O CMOS	5V / 12V		PD 4.7K	General purpose serial port 0 transmitter
SER0_RX	A99	I CMOS	5V / 12V	PU 47K to 3.3V		General purpose serial port 0 receiver
SER1_TX	A101	O CMOS	5V / 12V		PD 4.7K	General purpose serial port 1 transmitter
SER1_RX	A102	I CMOS	5V / 12V	PU 47K to 3.3V		General purpose serial port 1 receiver

Miscellaneous Signal Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
I2C_CK	B33	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB		General purpose I2C port clock output
I2C_DAT	B34	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB		General purpose I2C port data I/O line
SPKR	B32	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Output for audio enunciator - the "speaker" in PC-AT systems. This port provides the PC beep signal and is mostly intended for debugging purposes.
WDT	B27	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Output indicating that a watchdog time-out event has occurred.
FAN_PWNOUT	B101	O CMOS	3.3V / 12V	PD 100K to GND	Do NOT PU	Fan speed control. Uses the Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) technique to control the fan's RPM.
FAN_TACHIN	B102	I OD CMOS	3.3V / 12V	PU 10K to 3.3V		Fan tachometer input for a fan with a two pulse output.
TPM_PP	A96	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Physical Presence pin. Active high. TPM chip has an internal pull down. This signal is used to indicate Physical Presence to the TPM.

Power and System Management Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
PWRBTN#	B12	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB		A falling edge creates a power button event. Power button events can be used to bring a system out of S5 soft off and other suspend states, as well as powering the system down.
SYS_RESET#	B49	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50K to 3.3VSB		Reset button input. Active low request for Module to reset and reboot. May be falling edge sensitive. For situations when SYS_RESET# is not able to reestablish control of the system, PWR_OK or a power cycle may be used.
CB_RESET#	B50	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PD 100K to GND		Reset output from Module to Carrier Board. Active low. Issued by Module chipset and may result from a low SYS_RESET# input, a low PWR_OK input, a VCC_12V power input that falls below the minimum specification, a watchdog timeout, or may be initiated by the Module software.
PWR_OK	B24	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V		Power OK from main power supply. A high value indicates that the power is good. This signal can be used to hold off Module startup to allow Carrier based FPGAs or other configurable devices time to be programmed.
SUS_STAT#	B18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Indicates imminent suspend operation; used to notify LPC devices.
SUS_S3#	A15	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Indicates system is in Suspend to RAM state. Active low output. An inverted copy of SUS_S3# on the Carrier Board may be used to enable the non-standby power on a typical ATX supply.
SUS_S4#	A18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Indicates system is in Suspend to Disk state. Active low output.
SUS_S5#	A24	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Indicates system is in Soft Off state.
WAKE0#	B66	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB		PCI Express wake up signal.
WAKE1#	B67	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 40-50K to 3.3VSB		General purpose wake up signal. May be used to implement wake-up on PS2 keyboard or mouse activity.
BATLOW#	A27	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/ 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB		Indicates that external battery is low. This port provides a battery-low signal to the Module for orderly transitioning to power saving or power cut-off ACPI modes.
LID#	A103	I OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/12V			LID switch. Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system for a LID switch.
SLEEP#	B103	I OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/12V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB		Sleep button. Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system to bring the system to sleep state or to wake it up again.
THRM#	B35	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V		Input from off-Module temp sensor indicating an over-temp situation.
THRMTRIP#	A35	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	NA	Active low output indicating that the CPU has entered thermal shutdown.
SMB_CK	B13	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB		System Management Bus bidirectional clock line.
SMB_DAT	B14	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB		System Management Bus bidirectional data line.
SMB_ALERT#	B15	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			System Management Bus Alert – active low input can be used to generate an SMI# (System Management Interrupt) or to wake the system.

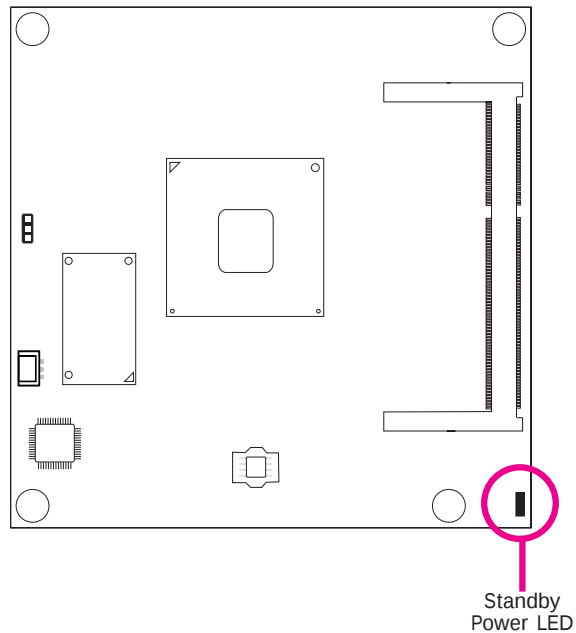
GPIO Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
GPO0	A93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			General purpose output pins.
GPO1	B54					
GPO2	B57					
GPO3	B63					
GPI0	A54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 100K to 3.3V		General purpose input pins.
GPI1	A63			PU 100K to 3.3V		
GPI2	A67			PU 100K to 3.3V		
GPI3	A85			PU 100K to 3.3V		

Power and GND Signal Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	KB968	Carrier Board	Description
VCC_12V	A104~A109 B104~B109 C104~C109 D104~D109	Power				Primary power input: +12V nominal. All available VCC_12V pins on the connector(s) shall be used.
VCC_5V_SBY	B84~B87	Power				Standby power input: +5.0V nominal. If VCC5_SBY is used, all available VCC_5V_SBY pins on the connector(s) shall be used. Only used for standby and suspend functions. May be left unconnected if these functions are not used in the system design.
VCC_RTC	A47	Power				Real-time clock circuit-power input. Nominally +3.0V.
GND	A1, A11, A21, A31, A41, A51, A57, A60, A66, A70, A80, A90, A100, A110, B1, B11, B21 ,B31, B41, B51, B60, B70, B80, B90, B100, B110, C1, C2, C5, C8, C11, C14, C21, C31, C41, C51, C60, C70, C73, C76, C80, C84, C87, C90, C93, C96, C100, C103, C110, D1, D2, D5, D8, D11, D14, D21, D31, D51, D60, D67, D70, D73, D76, D80, D84, D87, D90, D93, D96, D100, D103, D110	Power				Ground - DC power and signal and AC signal return path. All available GND connector pins shall be used and tied to Carrier Board GND plane.

Standby Power LED



This LED will light when the system is in the standby mode.

Cooling Option

Heat Sink with Cooling Fan

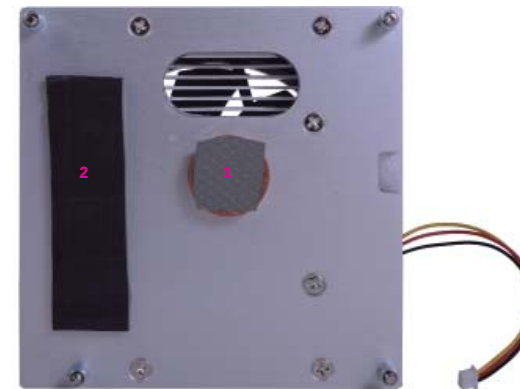


Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.



Top View of the Heat Sink



View of the Heat Sink

- “1” and “2” denote the locations of the thermal pads designed to contact the corresponding components that are on KB968.



Important:

Remove the plastic covering from the thermal pads prior to mounting the heat sink onto KB968.

Installing KB968 onto a Carrier Board

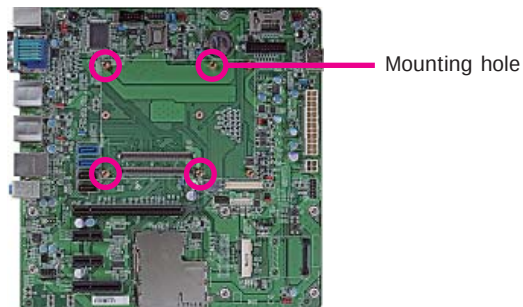


Important:

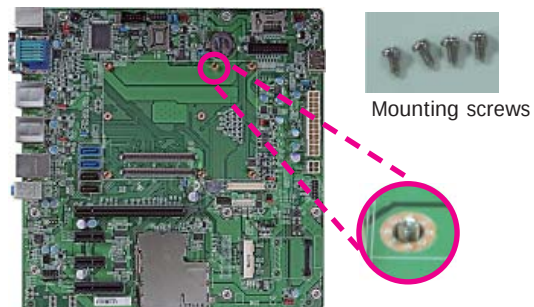
The carrier board (COM331-B) used in this section is for reference purpose only and may not resemble your carrier board. These illustrations are mainly to guide you on how to install KB968 onto the carrier board of your choice.

• To download COM331-B datasheet and manual

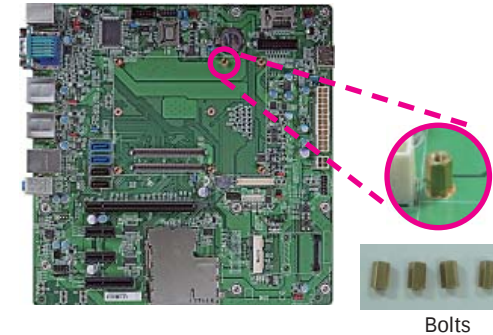
1. Now install the module and heatsink assembly onto the carrier board. The photo below shows the locations of the mounting holes on carrier board.



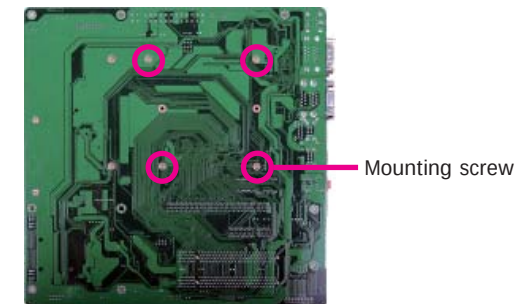
2. Insert the provided mounting screws into the mounting holes - from the bottom through the top of the carrier board.



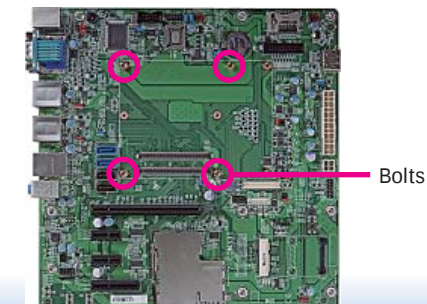
3. While supporting the mounting screw at the bottom, from the top side of the board, fasten a bolt into the screw.



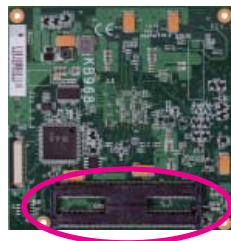
4. The photo below shows the solder side of the board with the screws already fixed in place.



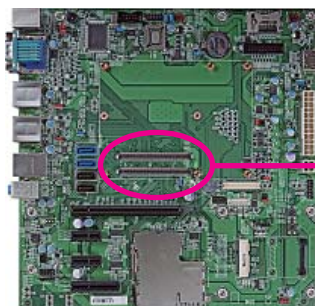
5. The photo below shows the component side of the board with the bolts already fixed in place.



6. Grasping KB968 by its edges, position it on top of the carrier board with its mounting holes aligned with the bolts on the carrier board. This will also align the COM Express connectors of the two boards to each other.



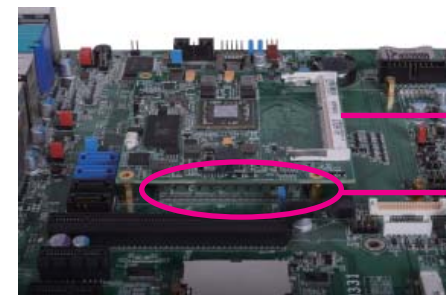
COM Express connectors
on KB968



COM Express connectors
on the carrier board



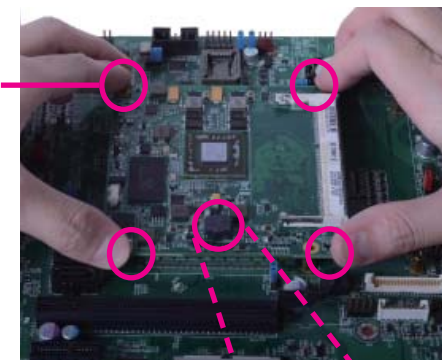
7. Press KB968 down firmly until it is completely seated on the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.



KB968

COM Express connectors
on the carrier board

Pressing points



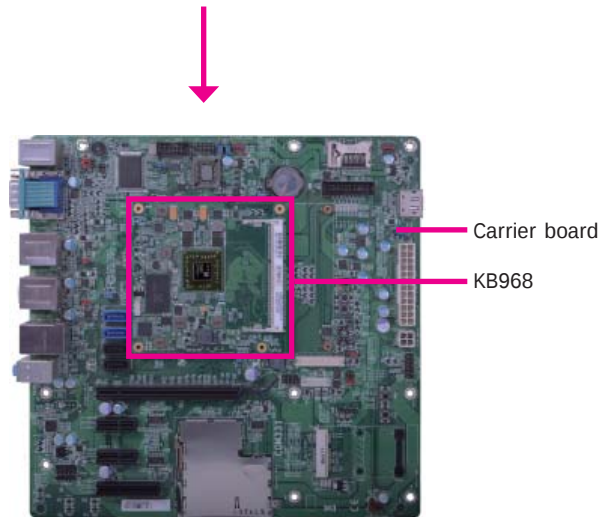
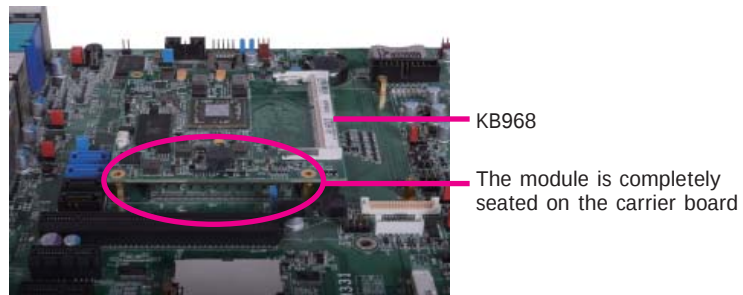
BIOS ROM socket



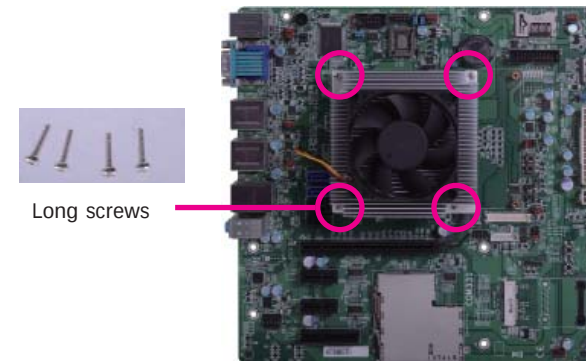
Note:

The above illustration shows the pressing points of the module onto the carrier board. Be careful when pressing the module, it may damage the socket.

8. Verify that the module is firmly seated onto the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.



9. Use the provided mounting screws to secure KB968 with heat sink to the carrier board and then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on KB968. The photo below shows the locations of the long mounting screws.



10. And then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on KB968.



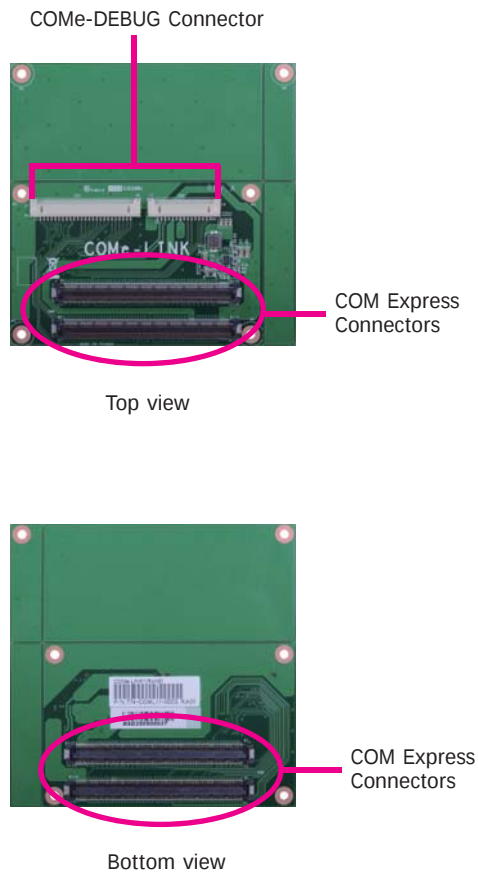
Installing the COM Express Debug Card


Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

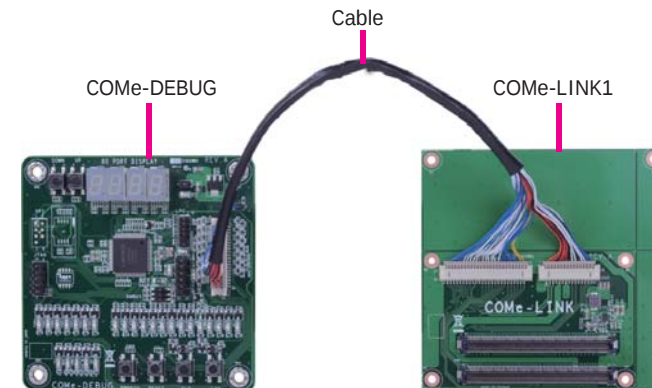
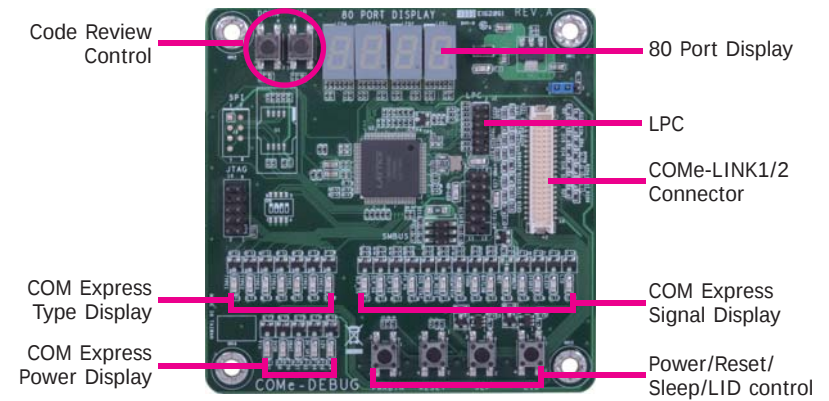
1. COMe-LINK1 is the COM Express debug card designed for COM Express Compact modules to debug and display signals and codes of COM Express modules.

COMe-LINK1

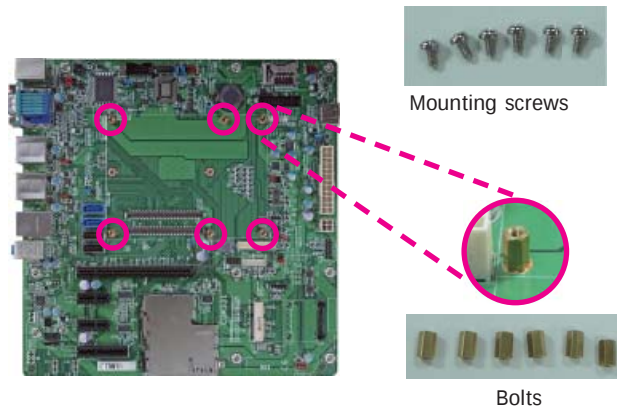


2. Connect the COMe-DEBUG card to COMe-LINK1 via a cable.

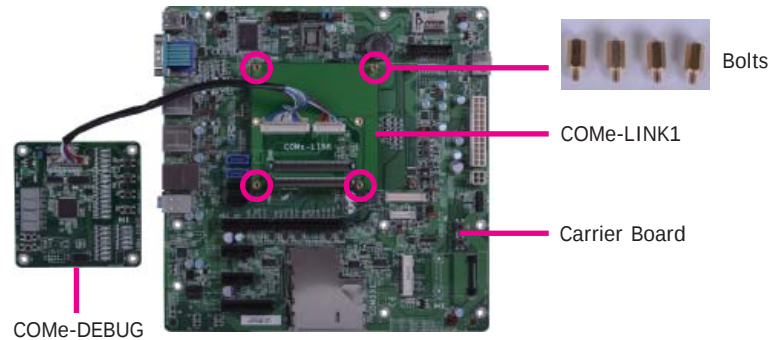
COMe-DEBUG



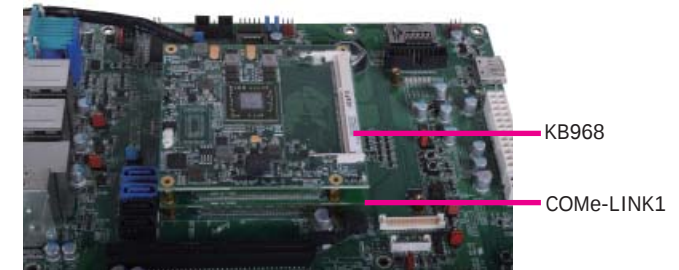
3. Fasten bolts with mounting screws through mounting holes to be fixed in place.



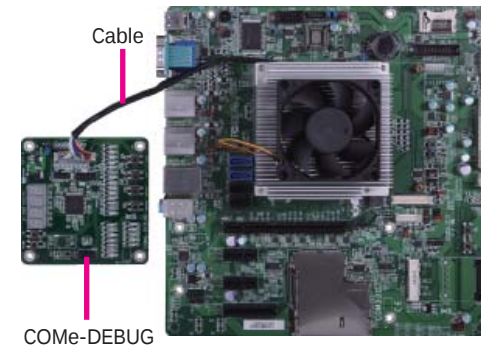
4. Use the provided bolts to fix the COMe-LINK1 debug card onto the carrier board.



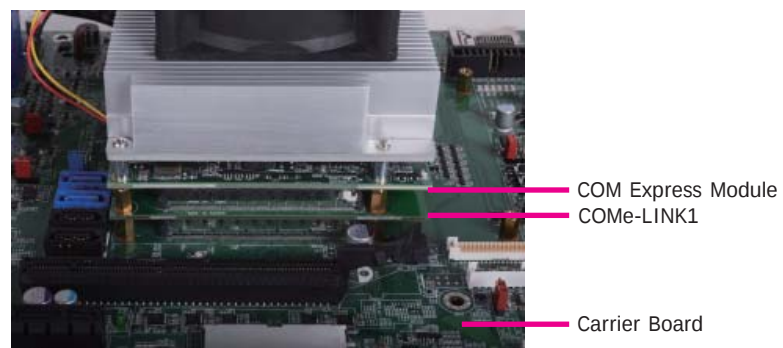
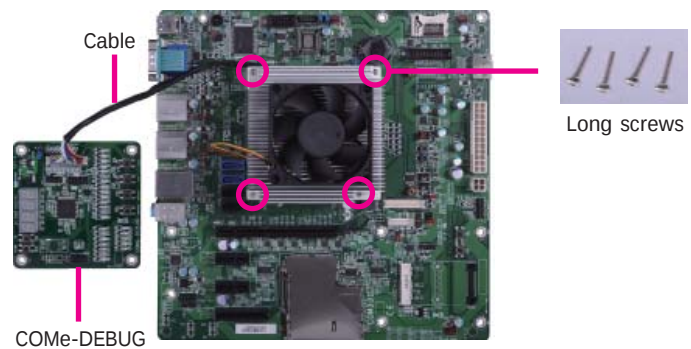
5. Grasp KB968 by its edges to press it down on the top of the COMe-LINK1 debug card.



6. Then, grasp the heat sink by its edges and position it down firmly on the top of the KB968.



7. Use the long mounting screws to secure the heat sink on the top of the KB968 and the COMe-LINK1 debug card and connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on KB968. The photo below shows the locations of long mounting screws.



Side View of the Module, Debug Card and Carrier Board

Chapter 4 - BIOS Setup

Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added. It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.

Note:



The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right and Left arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenu or fields.
<Esc>	Exit to the BIOS Setup Utility.
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
Tab	Select a field.
<F1>	Displays general help
<F2>	Pervious values
<F3>	Optimized defaults
<F4>	Saves and resets the setup program.
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.

Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

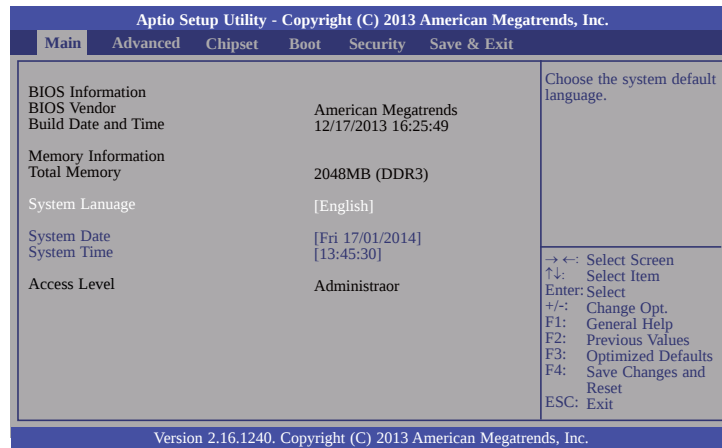
Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

AMI BIOS Setup Utility

Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



System Date

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

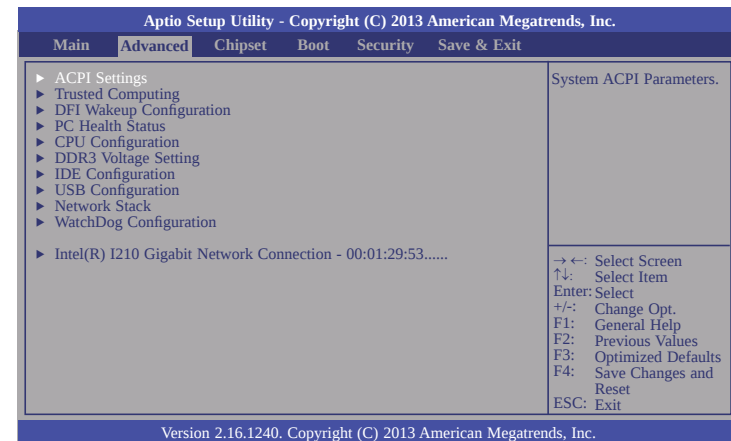
Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



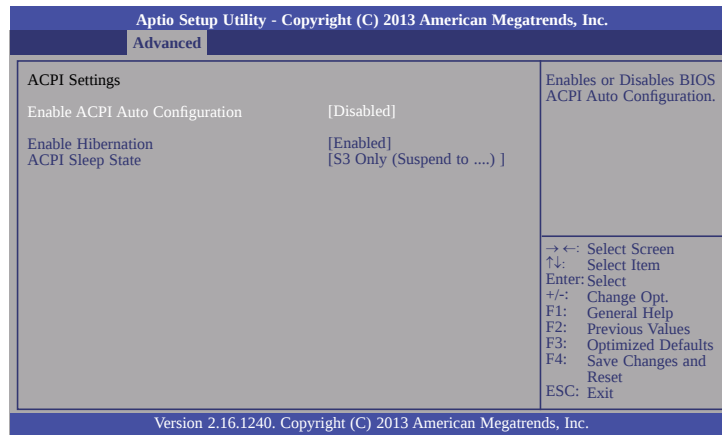
Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



ACPI Settings

This section is used to configure the ACPI settings.



Enable ACPI Auto Configuration

Enables or disables BIOS ACPI Auto Configuration.

Enable Hibernation

When this function is enabled, the system will enter the hibernate mode (OS/S4 sleep state). This function is not applicable to some OS.

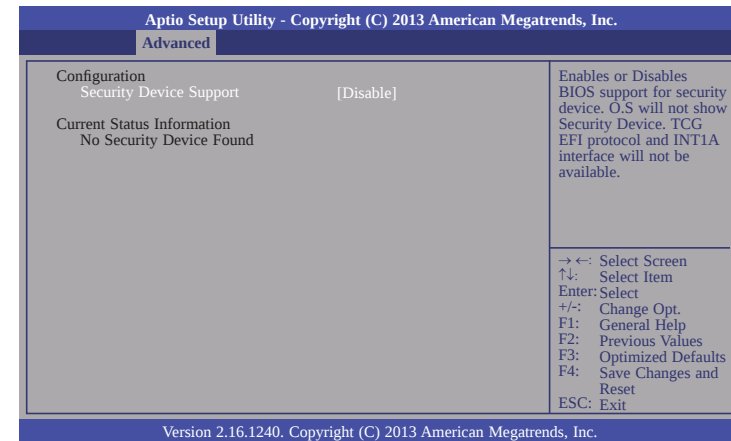
ACPI Sleep State

Selects the ACPI sleep state that the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

S3 Only (STR) Enables the Suspend to RAM function.

Trusted Computing

This section sets the trusted computing function.

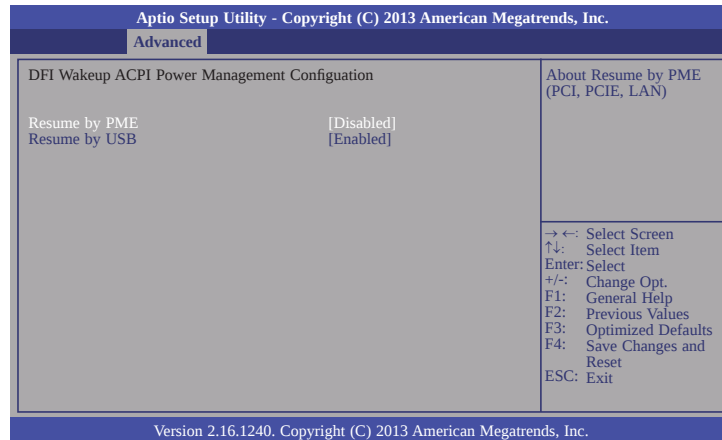


Security Device Support

This field is used to enable or disable BIOS supporting for the security device. O.S will not show the security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.

DFI Wakeup Configuration

This section configures the DFI wakeup ACPI power management.



Resume by PME

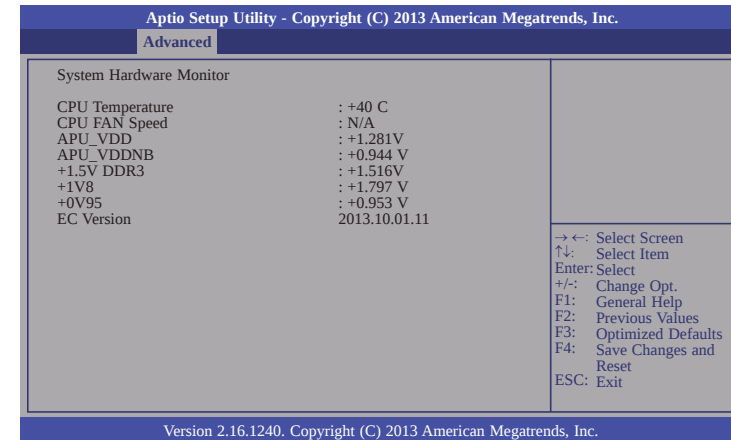
Enables this field to use the PME signal to wake up the system.

Resume by USB

Enables this field to use the USB signal to wake up the system.

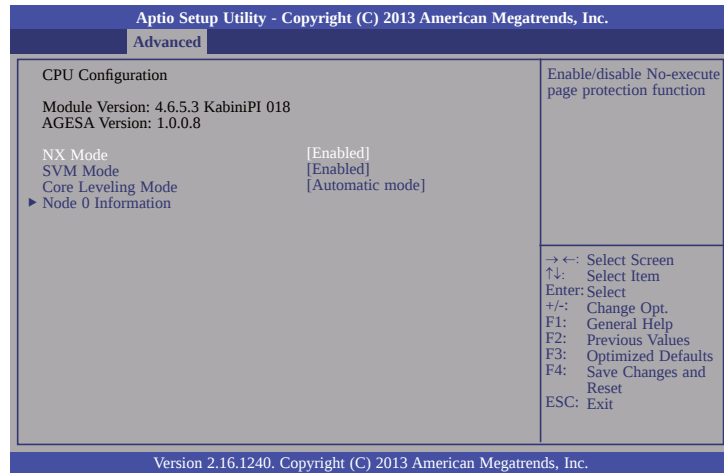
PC Health Status

This section displays hardware health monitor.



CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.



NX Mode

Enables or disables the function of the No-execute page protection.

SVM Mode

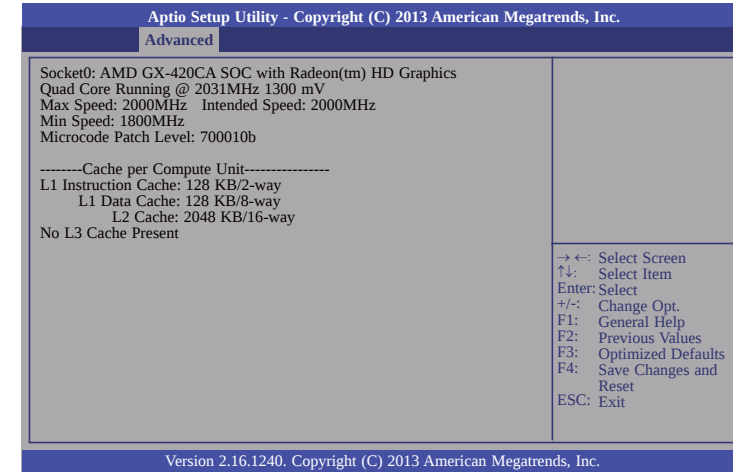
Enables or disables the CPU virtualization.

Core Leveling Mode

Changes the number of cores in the system.

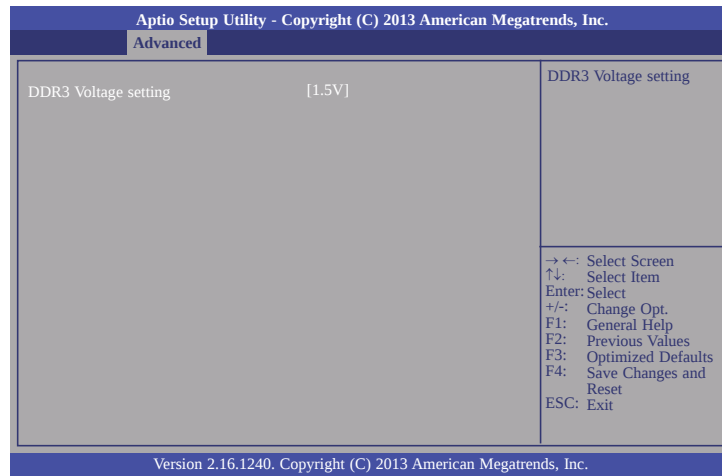
Node 0 Information

This field only displays the memory information related to Node 0.



DDR3 Voltage Setting

This section is used to configure the DD3 voltage setting.

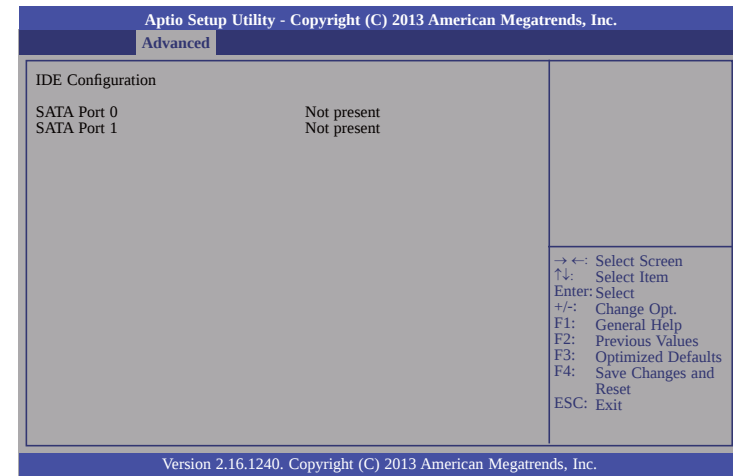


DDR3 Voltage setting

This field is used to select the DDR3 voltage: 1.5V, 1.35V or 1.25V.

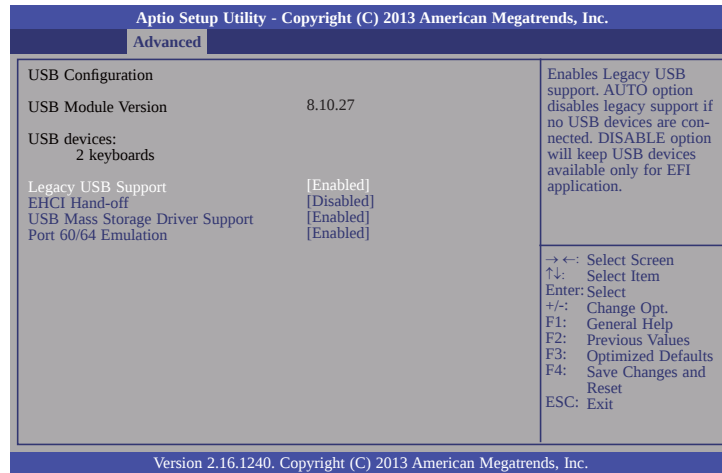
IDE Configuration

This section is used to configure the IDE device.



USB Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of the USB device.



Legacy USB Support

Enabled

Enables legacy USB.

Auto

Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

EHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSEs without the support of EHCI hand-off. The change of EHCI ownership should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

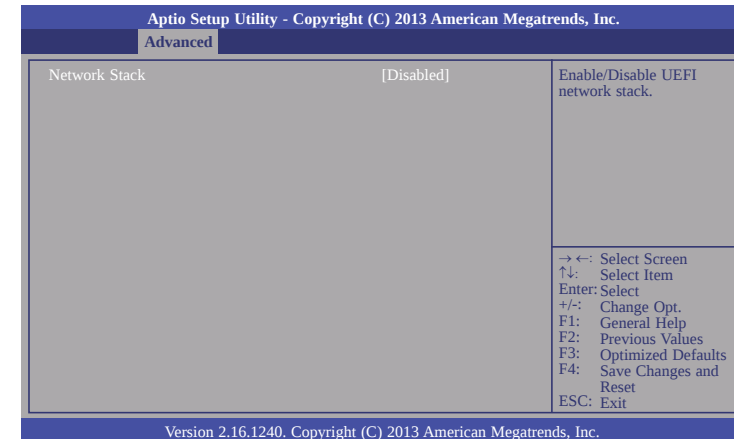
This field is used to enable or disable the USB Mass storage driver support.

Port 60/64 Emulation

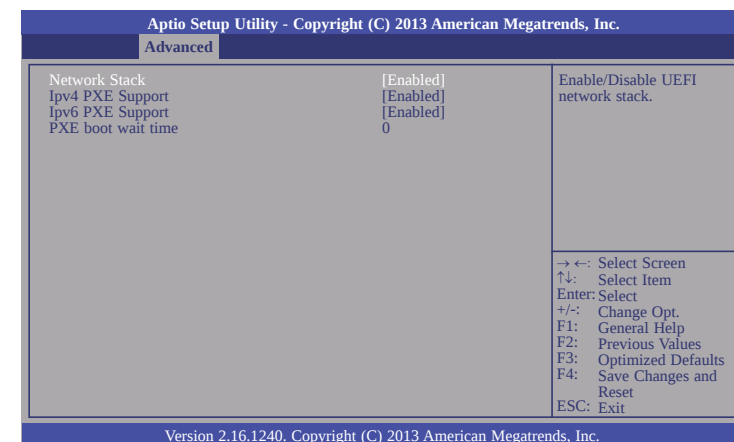
Enables the 60h/64h I/O port emulation. You must enable this to fully support USB keyboard legacy for non-USB OSEs.

Network Stack

This section is used to enable or disable UEFI network stack.



When Network Stack is enabled, it will display the following information:



Ipv4 PXE Support

When enabled, Ipv4 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Ipv6 PXE Support

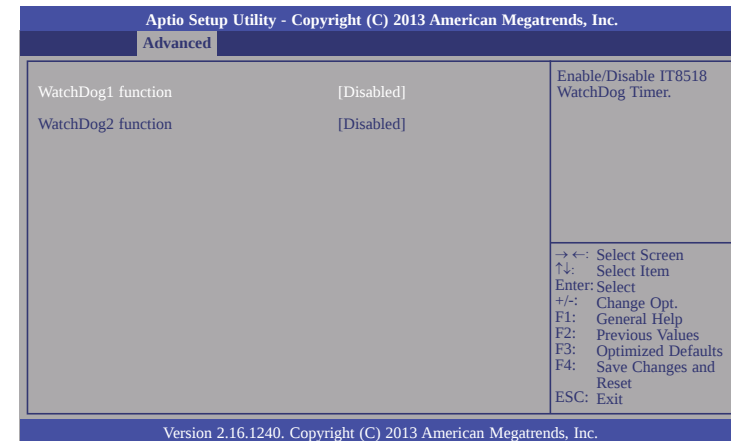
When enabled, Ipv6 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

PXE boot wait time

Waits time to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot.

WatchDog Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of IT8518 WatchDog Timer.

**WatchDog function**

This field is used to enable or disable the Watchdog timer function.

WatchDog1 function

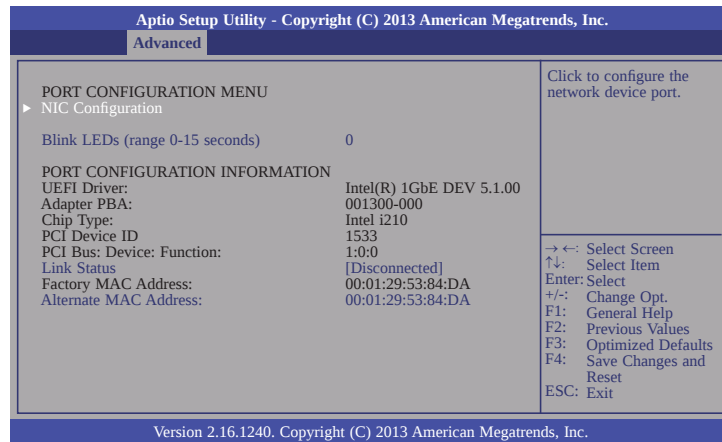
For KB968 module board (Reset KB968 by hardware).

WatchDog2 function

For carrier board usage.

Intel(R) I210 Gigabit Network Connection - 00:01:29:53...

This section is used to configure the parameters of the Gigabit Ethernet device.



NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the network device.

Blink LEDs

Blink LEDs for the specified duration (up to 15 seconds).

Link Status

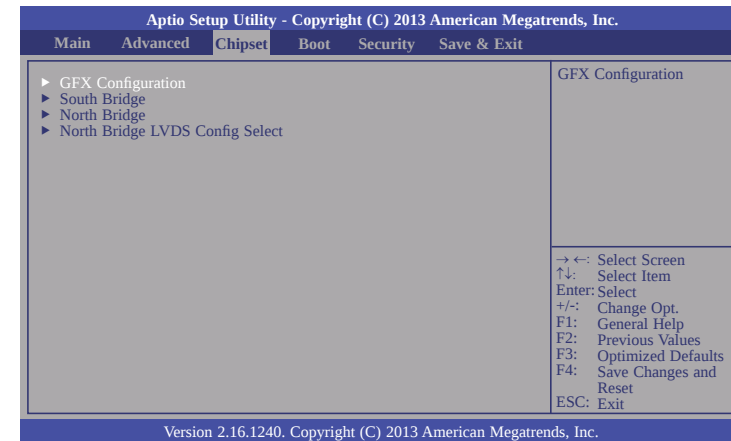
This field indicates the link status of the network device.

Alternate MAC Address

Alternates assigned MAC address of Ethernet port.

Chipset

This section configures relevant chipset functions.



GFX Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
GFX Configuration	Select Primary Video Device. That BIOS Will Use To For Output.
Primary Video Device Integrated Graphics	[NB PCIe Slot Video] [Auto]
→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit	
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	

Primary Video Device

Selects the primary video device: IGD Video or NB PCIe Slot Video.

Integrated Graphics

Enables the integrated graphics controller.

South Bridge

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
▶ SB SATA Configuration ▶ SB USB Configuration ▶ SB HD Azalia Configuration	Options For SATA Configuration
→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit	
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	

SB SATA Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
OnChip SATA Channel	[Enable]	
OnChip SATA Type	[Native IDE]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		

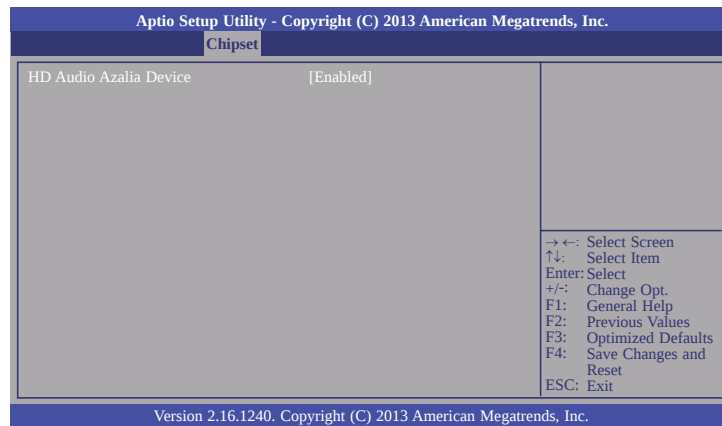
OnChip SATA Type

This field is used to select the onchip SATA type: Native IDE, AHCI or Legacy IDE.

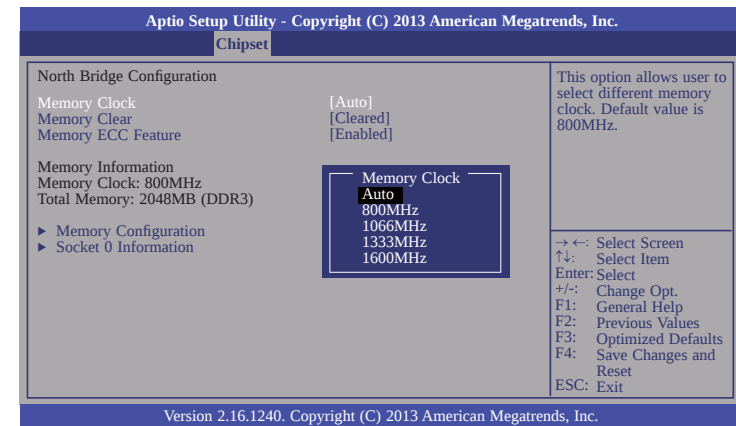
SB USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
XHCI Controller 0	[Enabled]	XHCI Enable Help
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 0)	[Enabled]	
EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 2)	[Enabled]	
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 0)	[Enabled]	
EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 2)	[Enabled]	
USB Port 0	[Enabled]	
USB Port 1	[Enabled]	
USB Port 2	[Enabled]	
USB Port 3	[Enabled]	
USB Port 4	[Enabled]	
USB Port 5	[Enabled]	
USB Port 8	[Enabled]	
USB Port 9	[Enabled]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		

SB HD Azalia Configuration



North Bridge



Memory Clock

This field allows user to select different memory clock. Default value is Auto.

Memory Clear

Memory clear functionality control.

Memory ECC Feature

Enables or disables the memory ECC feature.

Memory Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
Memory Configuration	Memory Hole Remapping.
Memory Hole Remapping [Enabled]	
Memory Hole 15MB-16MB [Disabled]	
→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit	
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	

Memory Hole 15MB-16MB

Memory Hole 15MB-16MB for some ISA expansion cards.

Socket 0 Information

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
Socket 0 Information	
Starting Address: 0KB Ending Address: 2097151KB	
Dimm1: size = 2048MB, speed = 800MHz	
→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit	
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.	

North Bridge LVDS Config Select

This field is used to specify INT15 options for LVDS interface.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Specify INT15 options for LVDS		NB PCIE Connect Type (Display device).
DP0 Output Mode	[Disabled]	
LVDS Panel Config Select	[LVDS Option 1 800x6..]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		

DP0 Output Mode

This field used to select the display device type. When the LVDS mode is selected, it will display the following information:

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Specify INT15 options for LVDS		NB PCIE Connect Type (Display device).
DP0 Output Mode	[LVDS]	
LVDS Panel Config Select	[LVDS Option 1 800x6..]	
LVDS Backlight Control	127	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		

LVDS Panel Config Select

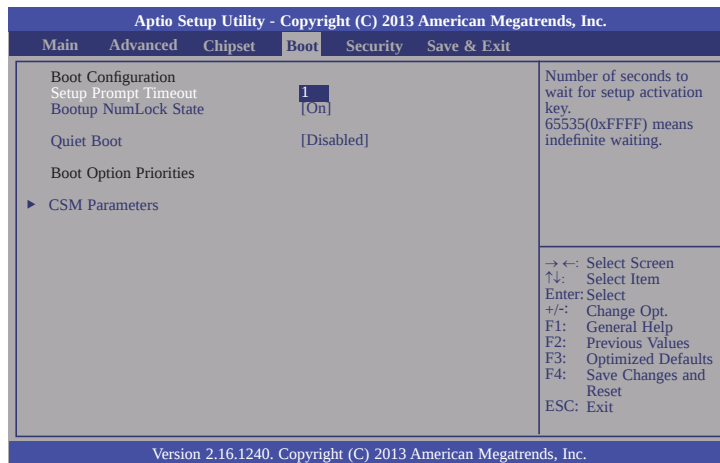
This option selects the display type for LVDS panel.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Specify INT15 options for LVDS		
DP0 Output Mode	[LVDS]	
LVDS Panel Config Select	[LVDS Option 1 800x6..]	
LVDS Backlight Control	127	
LCD Panel Config Select LVDS Option 1 800x600 LVDS Option 2 1024x768 LVDS Option 3 1280x720 LVDS Option 4 1280x800 LVDS Option 5 1280x1024 LVDS Option 6 1366x768 LVDS Option 7 1440x900 LVDS Option 8 1600x900 LVDS Option 9 1920x1024		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save Changes and Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1240. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.		

LVDS Backlight Control

LVDS backlight control range: 0 to 255.

Boot



Setup Prompt Timeout

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

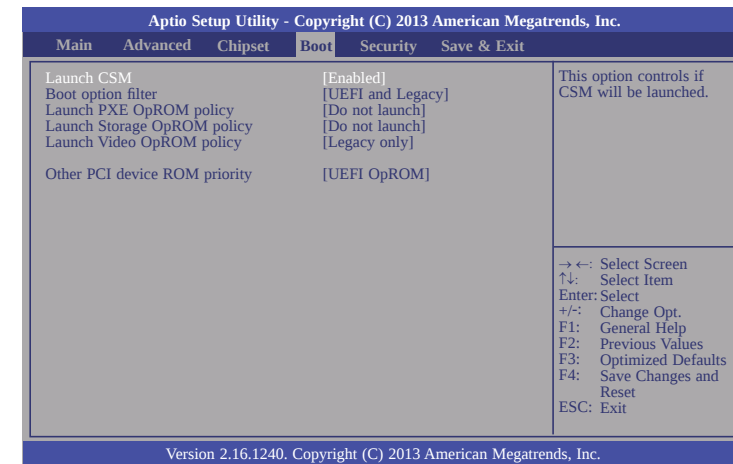
Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

Quiet Boot

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

CSM Parameters



Boot option filter

This option controls what devices system can be boot to.

Launch PXE OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy PXE OpROM.

Launch Storage OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

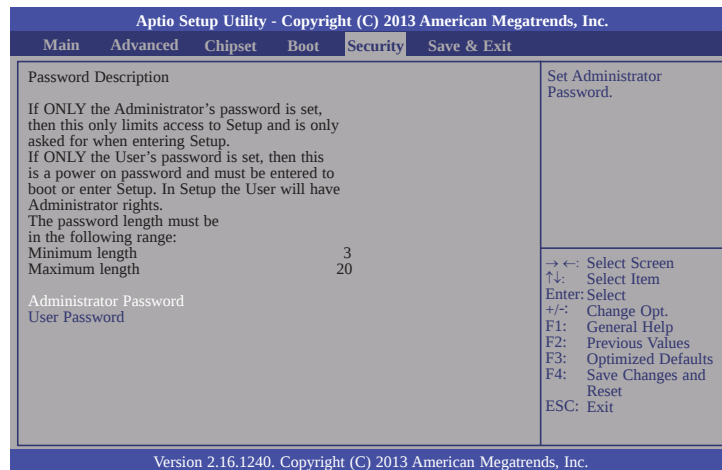
Launch Video OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy video OpROM.

Other PCI device ROM priority

For PCI devices other than Network, Mass Storage, or Video defines which OpROM to launch.

Security



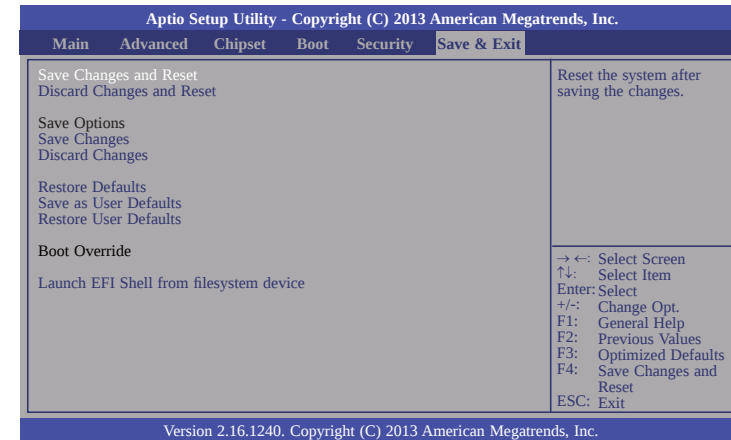
Administrator Password

Sets the administrator password.

User Password

Sets the user password.

Save & Exit



Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Save Changes

Saves changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Discard Changes

Discards changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Save as User Defaults

To save changes done so far as user default, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to save values as user default.

Restore User Defaults

To restore user default to all the setup options, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore user default.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

A:> AFUDOS BIOS_File_Name /b /p /n
then press <Enter>.

```
C:\AFU\AFUDOS>afudos filename /B /P /N

+-----+
|               AMI Firmware Update Utility(APTIO) v2.25               |
|               Copyright (C)2008 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved.               |
+-----+

Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash ..... done
Erasing BootBlock ..... done
Writing BootBlock ..... done
Verifying BootBlock ..... done

C:\AFU\AFUDOS>
```

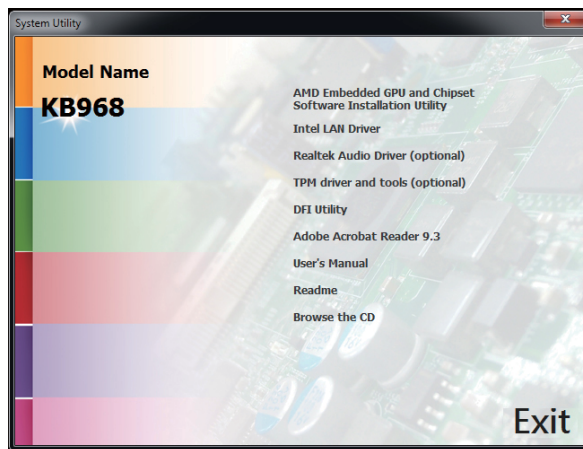
After finishing BIOS update, please turn off the AC power. Wait about 10 seconds and then turn on the AC power again.

Chapter 5 - Supported Software

The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

For Windows 7/8

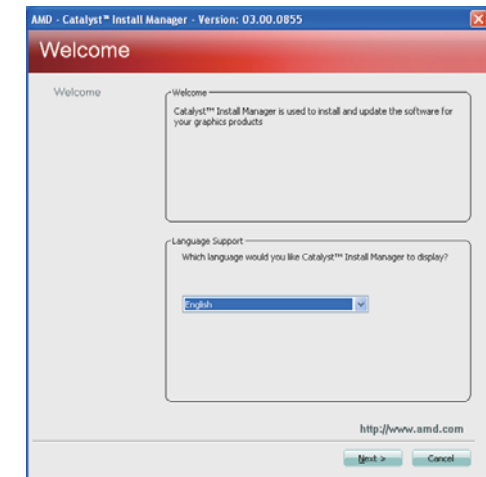


AMD Embedded GPU and Chipset Software Installation

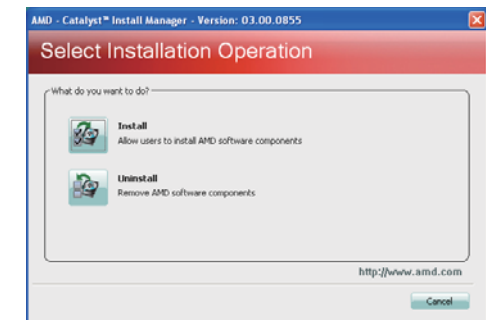
Utility

To install the driver, click "AMD Embedded GPU and Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

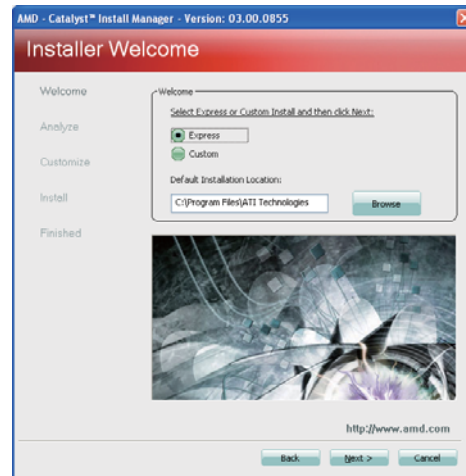
1. Under the Language Support section, select the language you would like the installation to display and then click Next.



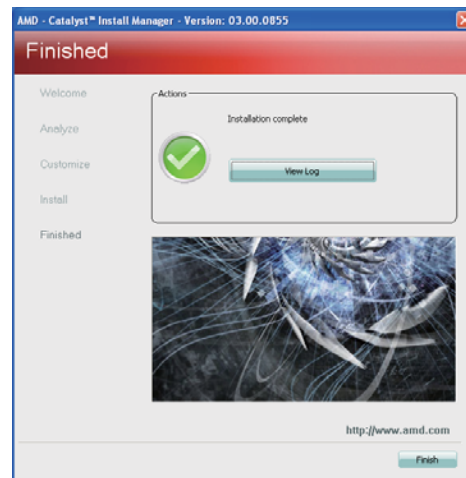
2. Click Install to begin the installation.



- Click Express and then click Next.



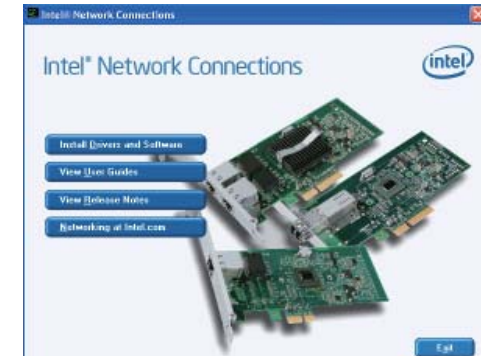
- After completing installation, click Finish.



Intel LAN Driver

To install the driver, click “Intel LAN Drivers” on the main menu.

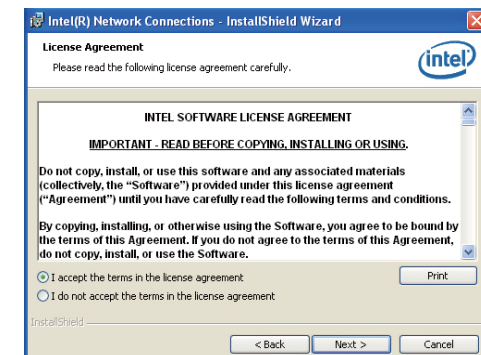
- Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Install Drivers and Software.



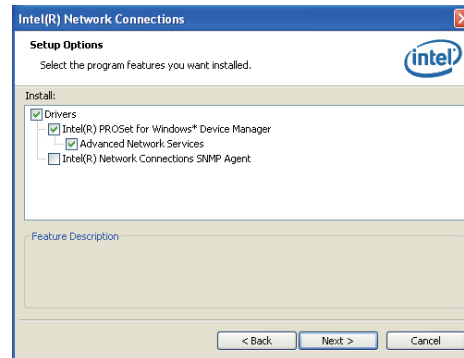
- Setup is now ready to install the LAN driver. Click Next.



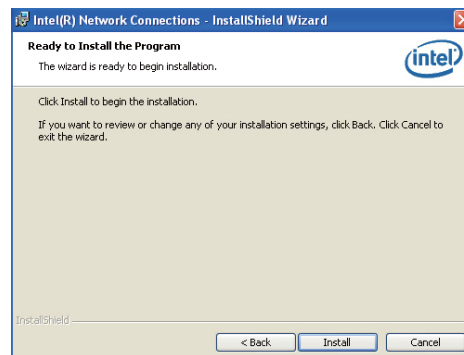
- Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” then click Next.



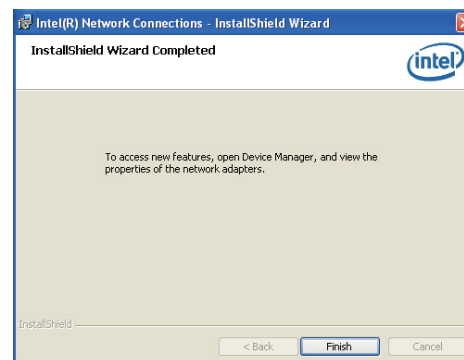
4. Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



5. Click Install to begin the installation.



6. After completing installation, click Finish.



Realtek Audio Driver (optional)

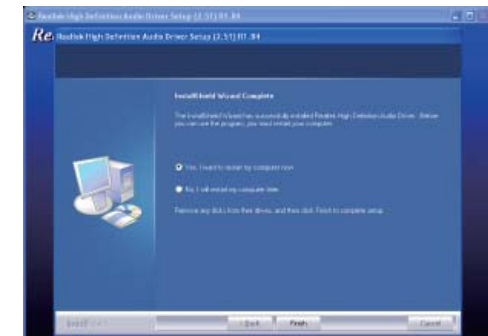
To install the driver, click “Realtek Audio Driver (optional)” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the audio driver. Click Next.
2. Follow the remainder of the steps on the screen; clicking “Next” each time you finish a step.



3. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

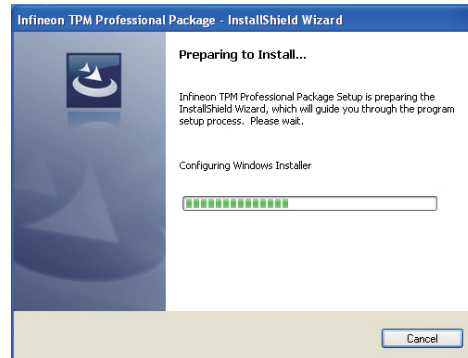
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



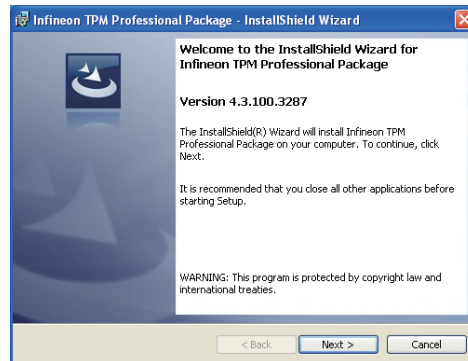
TPM Driver and Tools (optional)

To install the driver, click “TPM driver and tools (optional)” on the main menu.

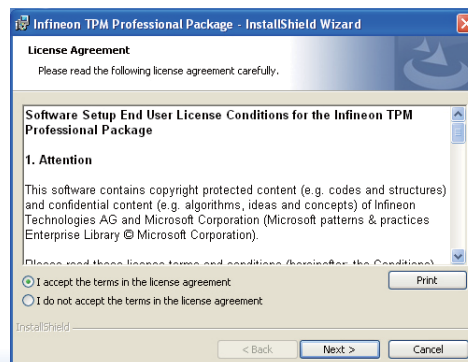
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



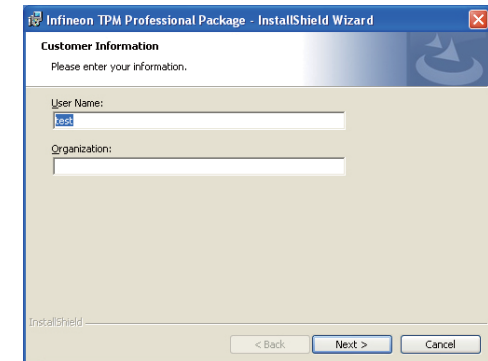
2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



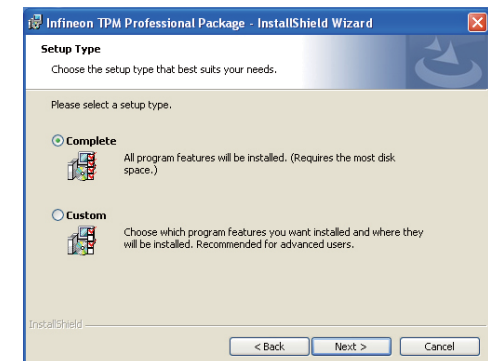
3. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” and then click “Next”.



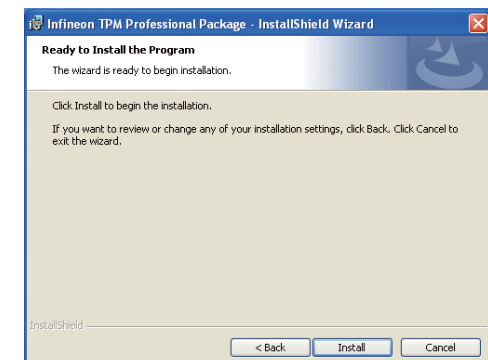
4. Enter the necessary information and then click Next.



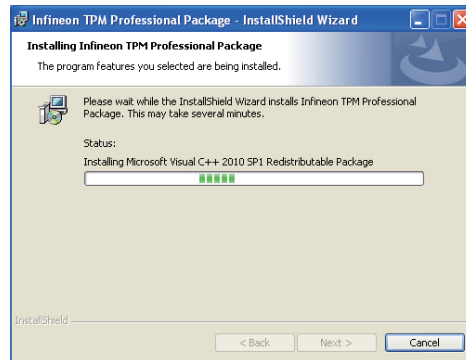
5. Select a setup type and then click Next.



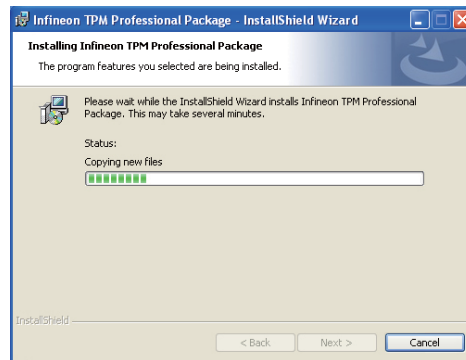
6. Click Install.



7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click Install.



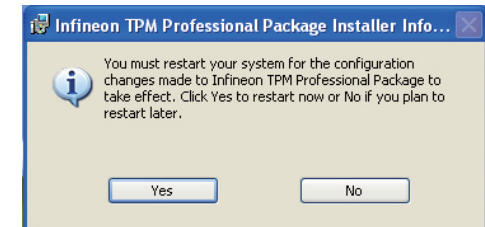
8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click Finish.



10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, HW Health, Watchdog, DIO, and Backlight. To access the utility, click “DFI Utility” on the main menu.



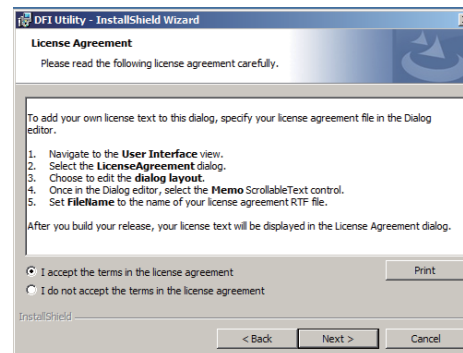
Note:

If you are using Windows 7, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

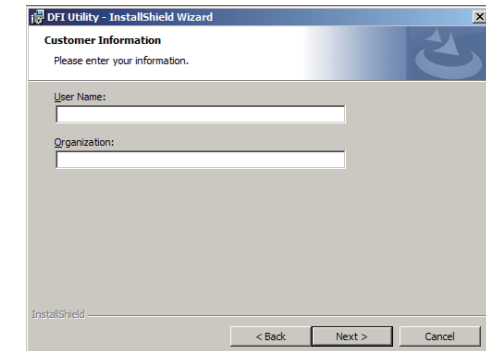
1. Setup is ready to install the DFI Utility driver. Click “Next”.



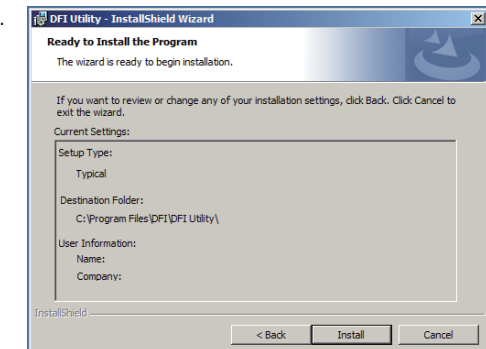
2. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” then click “Next”.



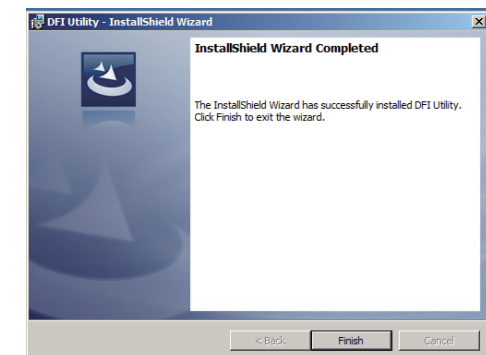
3. Enter “User Name” and “Organization” information then click “Next”.



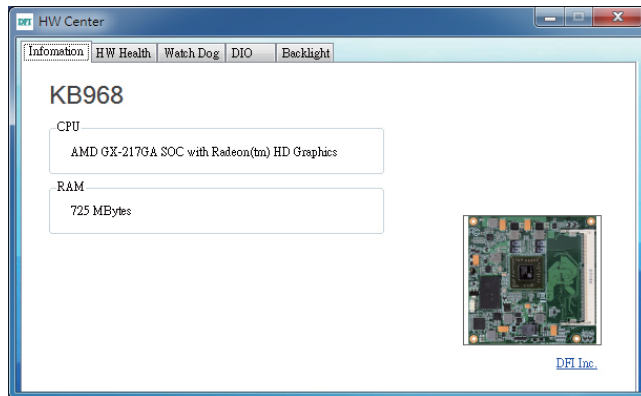
4. Click Install to begin the installation.



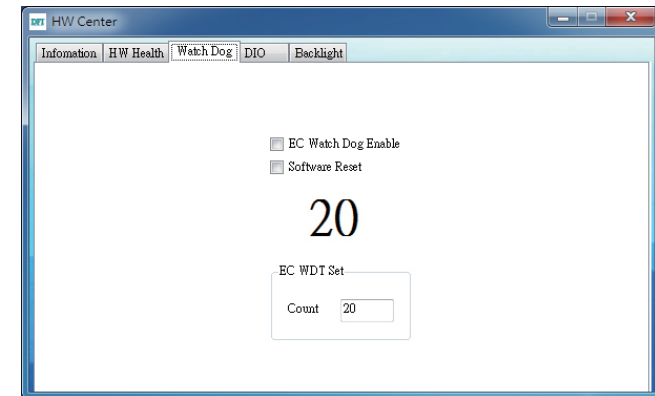
5. After completing installation, click Finish.



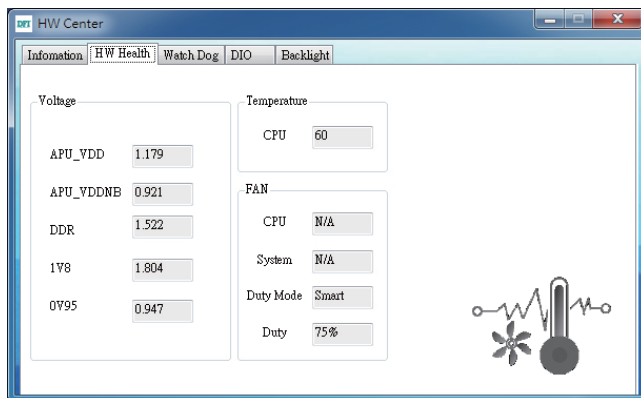
The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



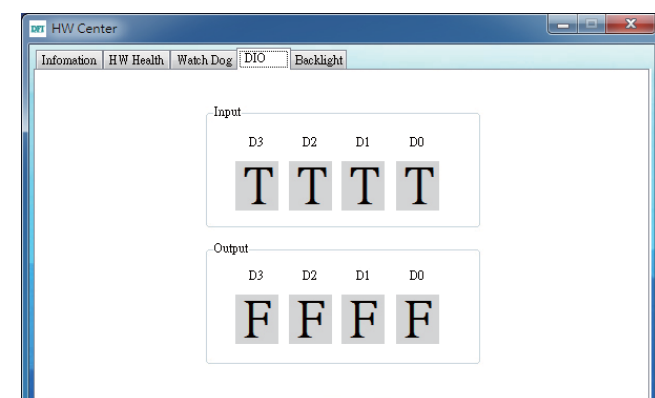
Information



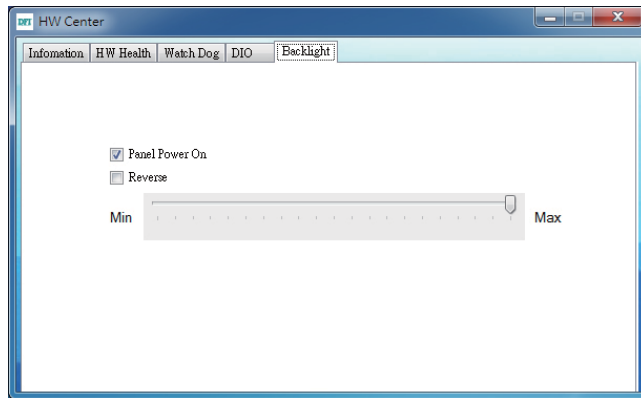
WatchDog



HW Health



DIO

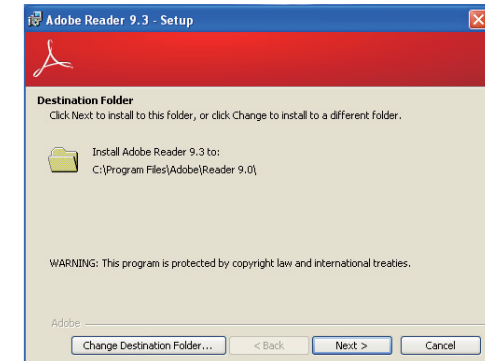


Backlight

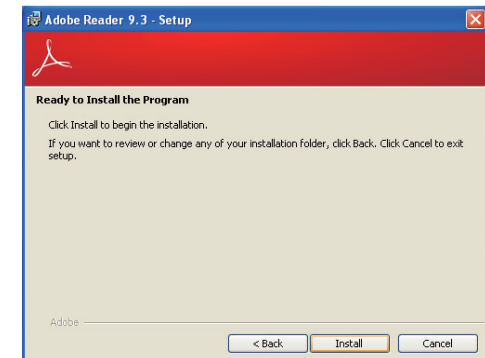
Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click “Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3” on the main menu.

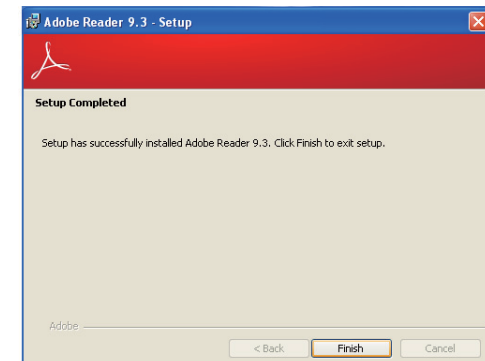
1. Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



Chapter 6 - GPIO Programming Guide

Function Description

Get_EC_Data (unsigned char ucData): Read a Byte data from EC.

Write_EC_Data (unsigned char ucData, unsigned char Data): Write a Byte data to EC.

Sample Code

GPIO Input Process

```
EC_DIO_Read_Input()
{
    BYTE Data;

    //Pin0-3 Input Mode
    Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBA);
    Data |= 0x80;
    Write_EC_Data(0xBA, Data);
    while(((Get_EC_Data(0xBA) >> 7)&0x01))
    {
        Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBA);
    }

    Return Data ;
}
```

GPIO Output Process

```
EC_DIO_Write_Output(unsigned char udata)
{
    //Pin4-7 Output Mode
    udata <= 4;
    udata |= 0x01;
    Write_EC_Data(0xBB, udata);

    return 0;
}

EC_DIO_Read_Output()
{
    BYTE Data;

    //Pin4-7 Output Mode
    Write_EC_Data(0xBB, 0x02);
    Delay;
    Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBB);
    Data >>= 4;
    Return Data ;
}
```

Appendix A - NLITE and AHCI Installation Guide

nLite

nLite is an application program that allows you to customize your XP installation disc by integrating the RAID/AHCI drivers into the disc. By using nLite, the F6 function key usually required during installation is no longer needed.


Note:

The installation steps below are based on nLite version 1.4.9. Installation procedures may slightly vary if you're using another version of the program.

1. Download the program from nLite's official website.

<http://www.nliteos.com/download.html>

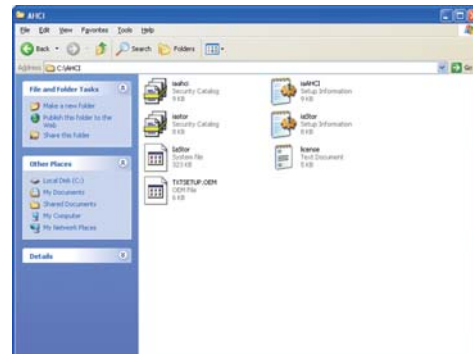
2. Install nLite.


Important:

Due to its coding with Visual.Net, you may need to first install .NET Framework prior to installing nLite.

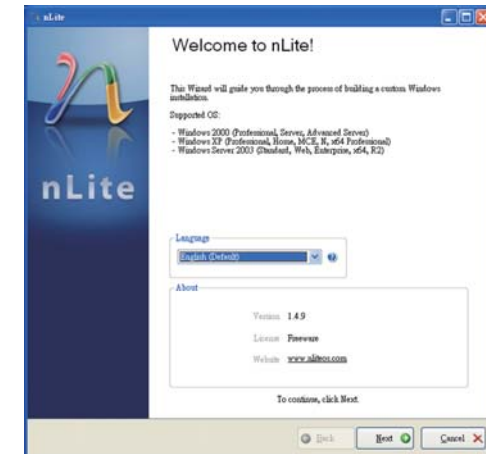
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files from Intel's website. The drivers you choose will depend on the operating system and chipset used by your computer.

The downloaded driver files should include iaahci.cat, iaAHCI.inf, iastor.cat, iaStor.inf, iaStor.sys, license.txt and TXTSETUP.OEM.



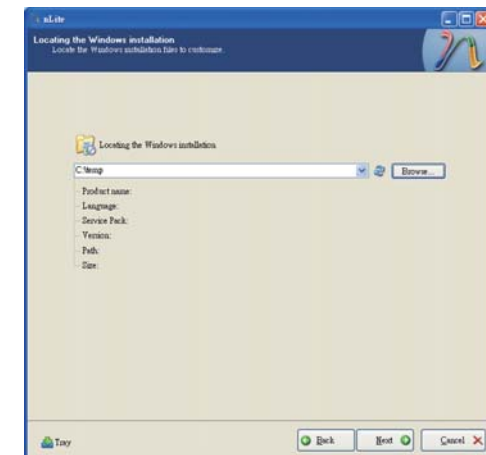
4. Insert the XP installation disc into an optical drive.

5. Launch nLite. The Welcome screen will appear. Click Next.

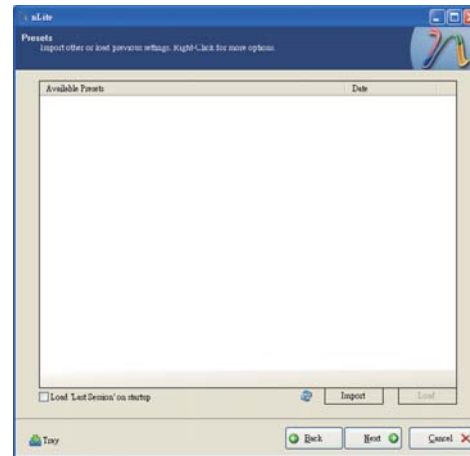


6. Click Next to temporarily save the Windows installation files to the designated default folder.

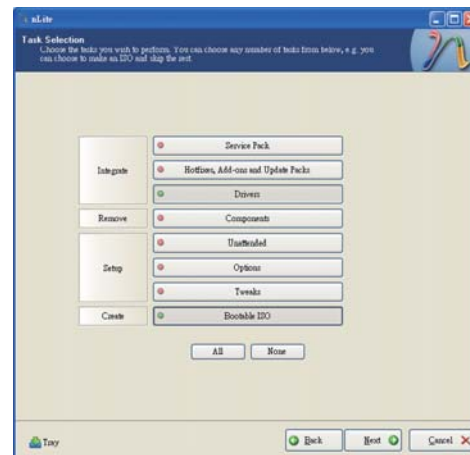
If you want to save them in another folder, click Browse, select the folder and then click Next.



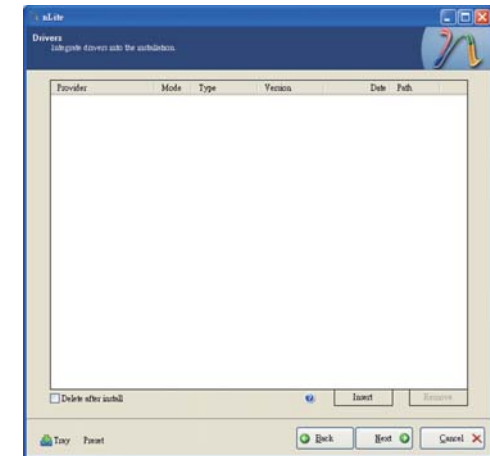
7. Click Next.



8. In the Task Selection dialog box, click Drivers and Bootable ISO. Click Next.

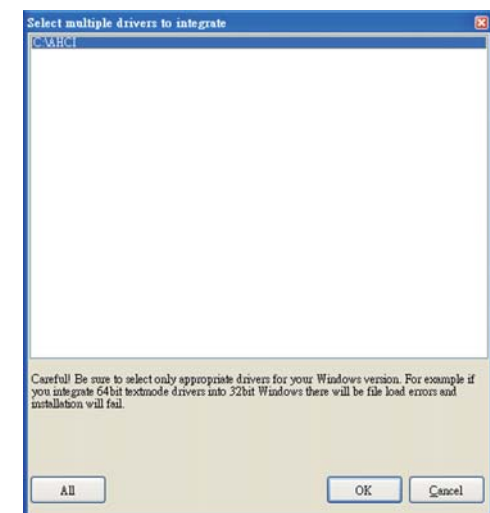


9. Click Insert and then select Multiple driver folder to select the drivers you will integrate. Click Next.



10. Select only the drivers appropriate for the Windows version that you are using and then click OK.

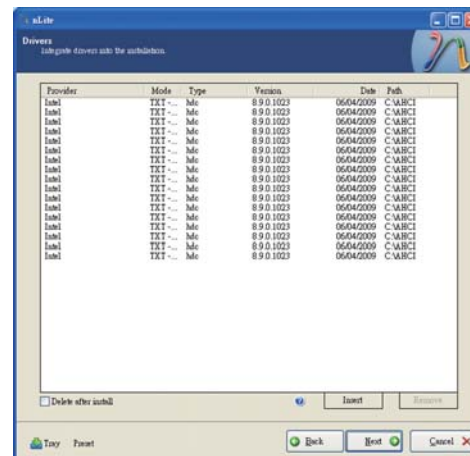
Integrating 64-bit drivers into 32-bit Windows or vice versa will cause file load errors and failed installation.



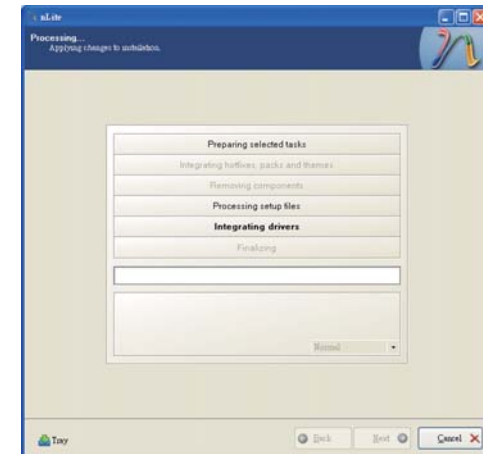
11. If you are uncertain of the southbridge chip used on your motherboard, select all RAID/AHCI controllers and then click OK.



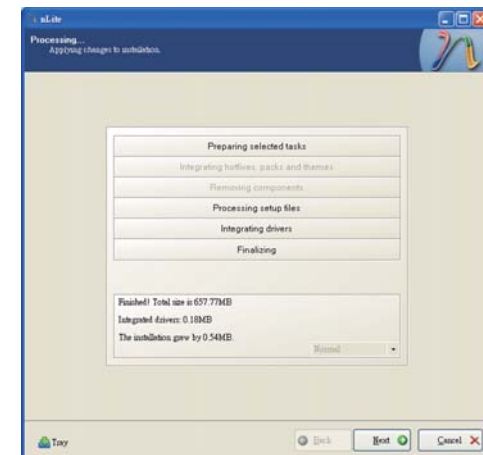
12. Click Next.



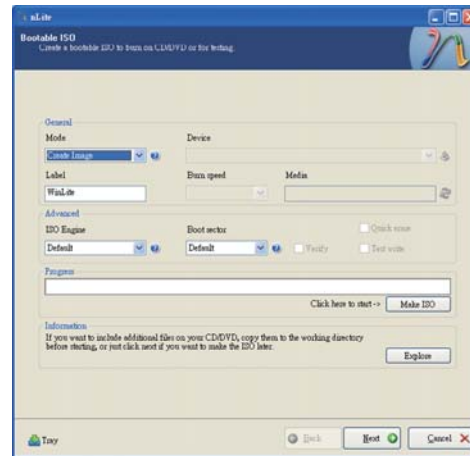
13. The program is currently integrating the drivers and applying changes to the installation.



14. When the program is finished applying the changes, click Next.

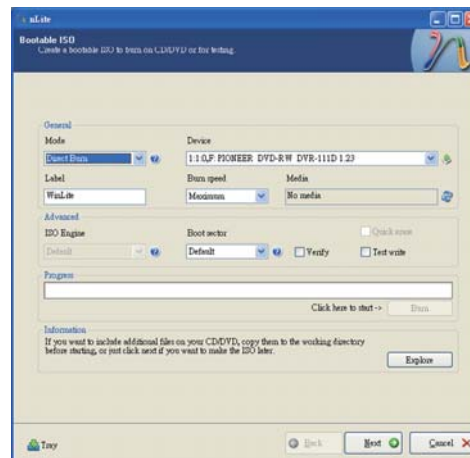


15. To create an image, select the Create Image mode under the General section and then click Next.



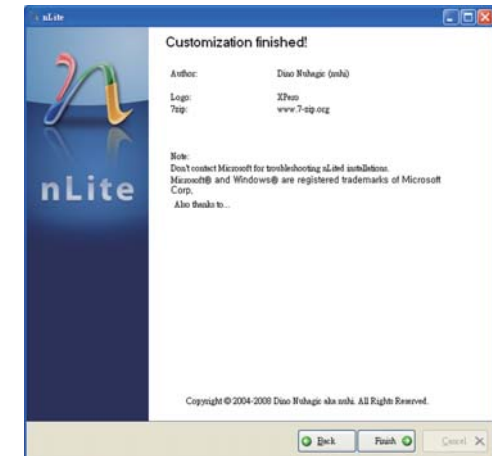
16. Or you can choose to burn it directly to a disc by selecting the Direct Burn mode under the General section and then click Next.

Select the optical device and all other necessary settings and then click Next.



17. You have finished customizing the Windows XP installation disc. Click Finish.

Enter the BIOS utility to configure the SATA controller to RAID/AHCI. You can now install Windows XP.

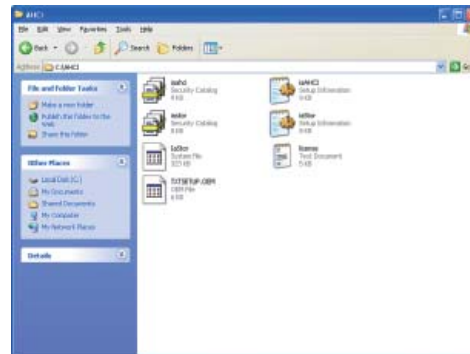


AHCI

The installation steps below will guide you in configuring your SATA drive to AHCI mode.

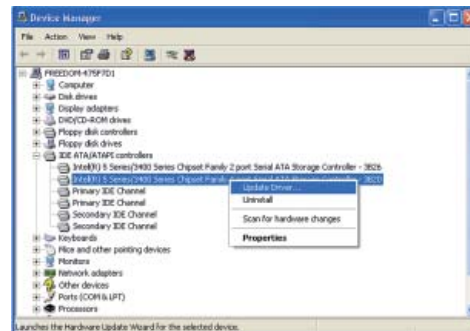
1. Enter the BIOS utility and configure the SATA controller to IDE mode.
2. Install Windows XP but do not press F6.
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files supported by the motherboard chipset from Intel's website.

Transfer the downloaded driver files to C:\AHCI.



4. Open Device Manager and right click on one of the Intel Serial ATA Storage Controllers, then select Update Driver.

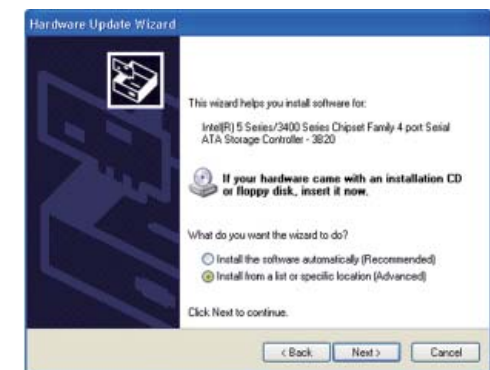
If the controller you selected did not work, try selecting another one.



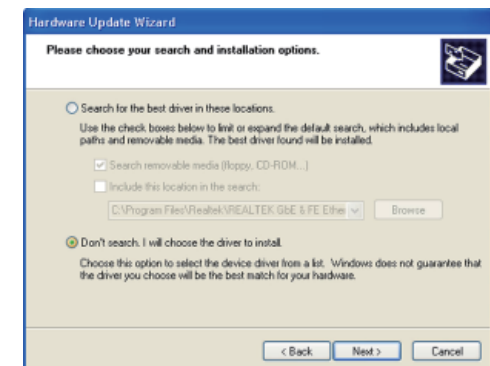
5. In the Hardware Update Wizard dialog box, select “No, not this time” then click Next.



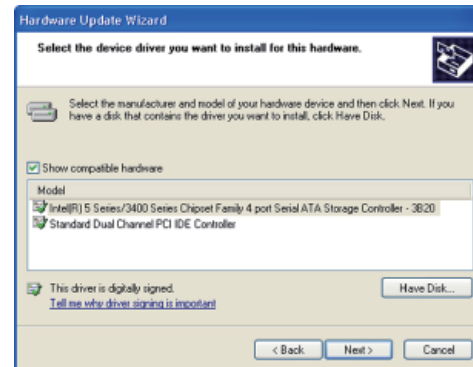
6. Select “Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)” and then click Next.



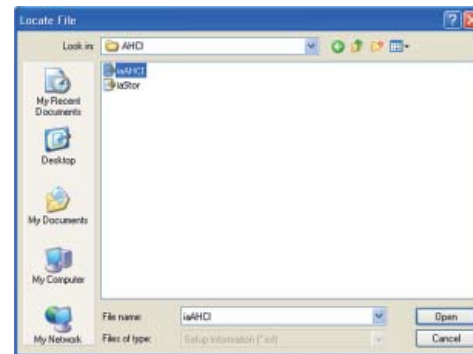
7. Select "Don't search. I will choose the driver to install" and then click Next.



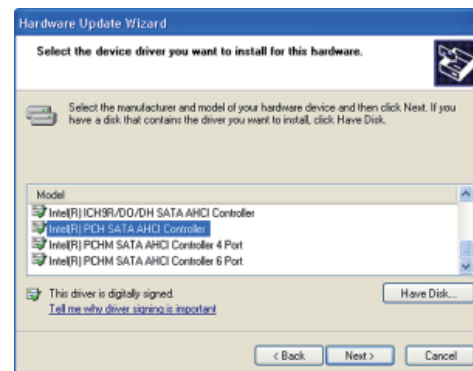
8. Click "Have Disk".



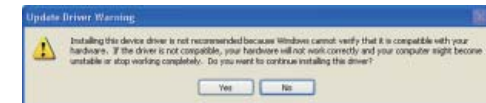
9. Select C:\AHCI\iaAHCI.inf and then click Open.



10. Select the appropriate AHCI Controller of your hardware device and then click Next.

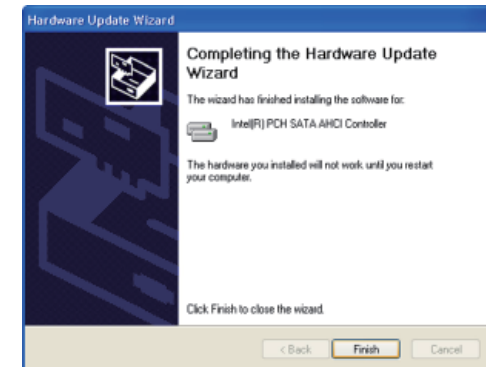


11. A warning message appeared because the selected SATA controller did not match your hardware device.



Ignore the warning and click Yes to proceed.

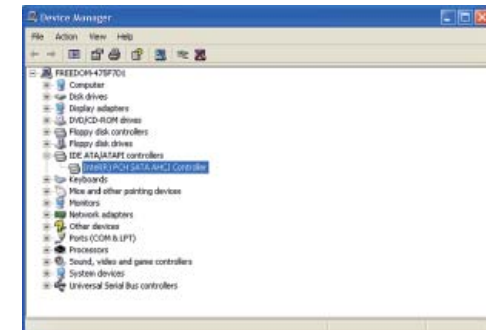
12. Click Finish.



13. The system's settings have been changed. Windows XP requires that you restart the computer. Click Yes.



14. Enter the BIOS utility and modify the SATA controller from IDE to AHCI. By doing so, Windows will work normally with the SATA controller that is in AHCI mode.



Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
//-----
#define EC_EnablePort 0x66
#define EC_DataPort 0x62
//-----
void WriteEC(char,int);
void SetWdTime(int,int);
int GetWdTime(void);
//-----
main()
{
    unsigned int countdown;
    unsigned int input,count_h,count_l;

    printf("Input WD Time: ");
    scanf("%d",&input);
    printf("\n");
    count_h=input>>8;
    count_l=input&0x00FF;
    SetWdTime(count_h,count_l);

    while(1)
    {
        countdown = GetWdTime();
        delay(100);
        printf("\rTime Remaining: %d ",countdown);
    }
}
//-----
void SetWdTime(int count_H,int count_L)
{
    //Set Count
    WriteEC(0xB7,count_H); //High Byte
    WriteEC(0xB8,count_L); //Low Byte
    //Enable Watch Dog Timer
    WriteEC(0xB4,0x02);
}
//-----
```

```
int GetWdTime(void)
{
    int sum,data_h,data_l;
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count High Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF6);
    delay(5);
    data_h=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count Low Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF7);
    delay(5);
    data_l=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);

    data_h<=8;
    data_h&=0xFF00;
    sum=data_h|data_l;
    return sum;
}
//-----
void WriteEC(char EC_Addr, int data)
{
    //Select EC Write Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x81);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,EC_Addr);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,data);
    delay(5);
}
//-----
```

Appendix C - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

**Important:**

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

Appendix D - Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

Monitor/Display

If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

The picture seems to be constantly moving.

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

Power Supply

When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

Hard Drive

Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

Serial Port

The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

Keyboard

Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.